UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

図 Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13	or 15(d) of the Securi	ities Exchange Act of 1934	
☐ Transition report pursuant to Section		period ended June 30, 2024 curities Exchange Act of 1934	
	Commission Fil	le Number: 333-203369	
	Clearway	Energy LLC	
	(Exact name of registr	rant as specified in its charter)	
Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)			32-0407370 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
300 Carnegie Center, Suite 300 (Address of principal	Princeton executive offices)	New Jersey	08540 (Zip Code)
	,	9) 608-1525 e number, including area code)	
Secur	rities registered pursuar	nt to Section 12(b) of the Act: None	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) h preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the r	registrant was required to	red to be filed by Section 13 or $15(d)$ of file such reports), and (2) has been subjected \times No \square	of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the ect to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has st (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 month	ns (or for such shorter peri	rery Interactive Data File required to be iod that the registrant was required to sures ⊠ No□	submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T lbmit such files).
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerat Exchange Act.	large accelerated filer, a	in accelerated filer, a non-accelerated f	filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the
Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer	\boxtimes	Smaller reporting company	
		Emerging growth company	
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Secti			tion period for complying with any new or revised
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a sh	ell company (as defined i	n Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).	
	Yes	\square No \boxtimes	
As of July 29, 2024, there were 34,613,853 Class A Class D units outstanding. There is no public market for the contract of th	A units outstanding, 42,7 the registrant's outstanding	38,750 Class B units outstanding, 82,8 g units.	229,344 Class C units outstanding, and 41,961,750

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Clearway Energy LLC, together with its consolidated subsidiaries, or the Company, includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. The words "believes," "projects," "anticipates," "plans," "expects," "intends," "estimates" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the Company's actual results, performance and achievements, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These factors, risks and uncertainties include the factors described under Item 1A — *Risk Factors* in Part I of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, as well as the following:

- The Company's ability to maintain and grow its quarterly distributions;
- Potential risks related to the Company's relationships with CEG and its owners;
- The Company's ability to successfully identify, evaluate and consummate acquisitions from, and dispositions to, third parties;
- The Company's ability to acquire assets from CEG;
- The Company's ability to borrow additional funds and access capital markets, as well as the Company's substantial indebtedness and the possibility that the Company may incur additional indebtedness going forward;
- Changes in law, including judicial decisions;
- Hazards customary to the power production industry and power generation operations such as fuel and electricity price volatility, unusual weather
 conditions (including wind and solar conditions), catastrophic weather-related or other damage to facilities, unscheduled generation outages,
 maintenance or repairs, unanticipated changes to fuel supply costs or availability due to higher demand, shortages, transportation problems or
 other developments, environmental incidents, or electric transmission or gas pipeline system constraints and the possibility that the Company may
 not have adequate insurance to cover losses as a result of such hazards;
- The Company's ability to operate its businesses efficiently, manage maintenance capital expenditures and costs effectively, and generate earnings and cash flows from its asset-based businesses in relation to its debt and other obligations;
- The willingness and ability of counterparties to the Company's offtake agreements to fulfill their obligations under such agreements;
- The Company's ability to enter into contracts to sell power and procure fuel on acceptable terms and prices;
- Government regulation, including compliance with regulatory requirements and changes in market rules, rates, tariffs and environmental laws;
- Operating and financial restrictions placed on the Company that are contained in the facility-level debt facilities and other agreements of certain subsidiaries and facility-level subsidiaries generally, in the Clearway Energy Operating LLC amended and restated revolving credit facility and in the indentures governing the Senior Notes; and
- Cyber terrorism and inadequate cybersecurity, or the occurrence of a catastrophic loss and the possibility that the Company may not have adequate insurance to cover losses resulting from such hazards or the inability of the Company's insurers to provide coverage.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they were made, and the Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. The foregoing review of factors that could cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in any forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q should not be construed as exhaustive.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

When the following terms and abbreviations appear in the text of this report, they have the meanings indicated below:

2028 Senior Notes \$850 million aggregate principal amount of 4.75% unsecured senior notes due 2028, issued by Clearway Energy

Operating LLC

2031 Senior Notes \$925 million aggregate principal amount of 3.75% unsecured senior notes due 2031, issued by Clearway Energy

Operating LLC

2032 Senior Notes \$350 million aggregate principal amount of 3.75% unsecured senior notes due 2032, issued by Clearway Energy

Operating LLC

Adjusted EBITDA A non-GAAP measure, represents earnings before interest (including loss on debt extinguishment), tax,

depreciation and amortization adjusted for mark-to-market gains or losses, asset write offs and impairments; and

factors which the Company does not consider indicative of future operating performance

ASC The FASB Accounting Standards Codification, which the FASB established as the source of authoritative GAAP

ATM Program At-The-Market Equity Offering Program

BESS Battery energy storage system

BlackRock, Inc.

CAFD A non-GAAP measure, Cash Available for Distribution is defined as of June 30, 2024 as Adjusted EBITDA plus

cash distributions/return of investment from unconsolidated affiliates, cash receipts from notes receivable, cash distributions from noncontrolling interests, adjustments to reflect sales-type lease cash payments and payments for lease expenses, less cash distributions to noncontrolling interests, maintenance capital expenditures, pro-rata Adjusted EBITDA from unconsolidated affiliates, cash interest paid, income taxes paid, principal amortization of

indebtedness, changes in prepaid and accrued capacity payments and adjusted for development expenses

CEG Clearway Energy Group LLC (formerly Zephyr Renewables LLC)

CEG Master Services Agreement Amended and Restated Master Services Agreement, dated as of April 30, 2024, among the Company, Clearway,

Inc., Clearway Energy Operating LLC and ČEG

Clearway, Inc. Clearway Energy, Inc., the holder of the Company's Class A and Class C units

Clearway Energy Group LLC

The holder of all shares of Clearway, Inc.'s Class B and Class D common stock and the Company's Class B and

Class D units and, from time to time, possibly shares of Clearway, Inc.'s Class A and/or Class C common stock

Clearway Energy Operating LLC The holder of facilities that are owned by the Company

Clearway Renew LLC, a subsidiary of CEG, and its wholly-owned subsidiaries

Company Clearway Energy LLC, together with its consolidated subsidiaries

CVSR California Valley Solar Ranch

CVSR Holdco LLC, the indirect owner of CVSR

Distributed Solar Solar power facilities, typically less than 20 MW in size (on an alternating current, or AC, basis), that primarily sell

power produced to customers for usage on site, or are interconnected to sell power into the local distribution grid

ERCOT Electric Reliability Council of Texas, the ISO and the regional reliability coordinator of the various electricity

systems within Texas

Exchange Act The Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended

FASB Financial Accounting Standards Board

GAAP Accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S.

GenConn Energy LLC

GIM Global Infrastructure Management, LLC, the manager of GIP

GIP Global Infrastructure Partners

HLBV Hypothetical Liquidation at Book Value

ISO Independent System Operator, also referred to as an RTO

Mesquite Star Special LLC

MMBtu Million British Thermal Units
Mt. Storm NedPower Mount Storm LLC

MW Megawatt

MWh Saleable megawatt hours, net of internal/parasitic load megawatt-hours

Net Exposure Counterparty credit exposure to Clearway, Inc. net of collateral

OCI Other comprehensive income
O&M Operations and Maintenance
PG&E Pacific Gas and Electric Company
PJM PJM Interconnection, LLC
PPA Power Purchase Agreement
RA Resource adequacy

RENOM Clearway Renewable Operation & Maintenance LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CEG

Rosie Central BESS Rosie BESS Devco LLC

RTO Regional Transmission Organization

SCE Southern California Edison

SEC U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission

Senior Notes Collectively, the 2028 Senior Notes, the 2031 Senior Notes and the 2032 Senior Notes

SOFR Secured Overnight Financing Rate

SPP Solar Power Partners

SREC Solar Renewable Energy Credit

TotalEnergies SE U.S. United States of America

Utah Solar Portfolio Seven utility-scale solar farms located in Utah, representing 530 MW of capacity

Utility Scale Solar Solar power facilities, typically 20 MW or greater in size (on an alternating current, or AC, basis), that are

interconnected into the transmission or distribution grid to sell power at a wholesale level

VIE Variable Interest Entity

PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

${\bf ITEM~1-FINANCIAL~STATEMENTS}$

CLEARWAY ENERGY LLC

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited)

	Three months	ended June 30,	Six months ended June 30,				
(In millions)	2024	4 2023 2024		2023 2024		2023	
Operating Revenues							
Total operating revenues	\$ 366	\$ 406	\$ 629	\$ 694			
Operating Costs and Expenses							
Cost of operations, exclusive of depreciation, amortization and accretion shown separately below	117	118	243	226			
Depreciation, amortization and accretion	153	128	307	256			
General and administrative	8	9	19	19			
Transaction and integration costs	3	2	4	2			
Total operating costs and expenses	281	257	573	503			
Operating Income	85	149	56	191			
Other Income (Expense)							
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	8	3	20	_			
Other income, net	12	9	28	17			
Loss on debt extinguishment	(2)	_	(3)	_			
Interest expense	(88)	(55)	(145)	(154)			
Total other expense, net	(70)	(43)	(100)	(137)			
Net Income (Loss)	15	106	(44)	54			
Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests	(92)	_	(125)	(30)			
Net Income Attributable to Clearway Energy LLC	\$ 107	\$ 106	\$ 81	\$ 84			

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

	Three months ended June 30,					Six months ended June 30,			
(In millions)		2024		2023		2024		2023	
Net Income (Loss)	\$	15	\$	106	\$	(44)	\$	54	
Other Comprehensive Income									
Unrealized gain on derivatives and changes in accumulated OCI		1		4		_		_	
Other comprehensive income		1		4		_			
Comprehensive Income (Loss)		16		110		(44)		54	
Less: Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests		(92)		1		(122)		(30)	
Comprehensive Income Attributable to Clearway Energy LLC	\$	108	\$	109	\$	78	\$	84	

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In millions)	June 30, 2024		December 31, 2023		
ASSETS	(Uı	(Unaudited)			
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	226	\$	535	
Restricted cash		344		516	
Accounts receivable — trade		255		171	
Accounts receivable — affiliates		1		_	
Inventory		60		55	
Derivative instruments		51		41	
Note receivable — affiliate		_		174	
Prepayments and other current assets		68		55	
Total current assets		1,005		1,547	
Property, plant and equipment, net		9,952		9,526	
Other Assets					
Equity investments in affiliates		321		360	
Intangible assets for power purchase agreements, net		2,214		2,303	
Other intangible assets, net		71		71	
Derivative instruments		117		82	
Right-of-use assets, net		597		597	
Other non-current assets		224		202	
Total other assets		3,544		3,615	
Total Assets	\$	14,501	\$	14,688	
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY	<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	,	
Current Liabilities					
Current portion of long-term debt — external	\$	412	\$	558	
Current portion of long-term debt — affiliate	·	_	•	1	
Accounts payable — trade		86		130	
Accounts payable — affiliates		15		35	
Derivative instruments		59		51	
Accrued interest expense		55		57	
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		77		79	
Total current liabilities	·	704		911	
Other Liabilities		,,,		,,,,	
Long-term debt — external		6,797		7,479	
Deferred income taxes		1		2	
Derivative instruments		336		281	
Long-term lease liabilities		626		627	
Other non-current liabilities		301		282	
Total other liabilities		8,061	_	8,671	
Total Liabilities	<u></u>	8,765		9,582	
Redeemable noncontrolling interest in subsidiaries		6		1	
Commitments and Contingencies	<u> </u>	0		1	
Members' Equity					
Contributed capital		943		1,299	
Retained earnings		942		1,027	
Accumulated other comprehensive income		12		1,027	
Noncontrolling interest		3,833		2,764	
Total Members' Equity	<u> </u>	5,730	¢.	5,105	
Total Liabilities and Members' Equity	\$	14,501	\$	14,688	

CLEARWAY ENERGY LLC CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

	Six months ended June 30,			
(In millions)		2024	2023	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		, ,		
Net (Loss) Income	\$	(44)	\$ 54	
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates		(20)	_	
Distributions from unconsolidated affiliates		15	1	
Depreciation, amortization and accretion		307	250	
Amortization of financing costs and debt discounts		7	(
Amortization of intangibles		91	94	
Loss on debt extinguishment		3	_	
Reduction in carrying amount of right-of-use assets		8	8	
Changes in derivative instruments and amortization of accumulated OCI		49	(51	
Cash used in changes in other working capital:				
Changes in prepaid and accrued liabilities for tolling agreements		(16)	(56	
Changes in other working capital		(121)	(87	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		279	23:	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		•		
Acquisition of Drop Down Assets, net of cash acquired		(671)	(7	
Capital expenditures		(202)	(109	
Return of investment from unconsolidated affiliates		35	10	
Decrease in note receivable — affiliate		184	_	
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates		_	(10	
Other		7	`_	
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(647)	(116	
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		(* ')		
Contributions from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions		1,203	209	
Contributions from CEG, net of distributions		196	60	
Payments of distributions		(164)	(153	
Tax-related distributions		(1)	(45	
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — external		236	42	
Payments of debt issuance costs		(4)	3)	
Payments for long-term debt — external		(1,577)	(306	
Payments for long-term debt — affiliate		(1)	_	
Other		(1)	(2	
Net Cash Used In Financing Activities		(113)	(197	
Net Decrease in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash		(481)	(78	
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at Beginning of Period		1,051	990	
	•			
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at End of Period	\$	570	\$	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF MEMBERS' EQUITY

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024

(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Contributed Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Members' Equity
Balances at December 31, 2023	\$ 1,299	\$ 1,027	\$ 15	\$ 2,764	\$ 5,105
Net loss	_	(26)	_	(34)	(60)
Unrealized (loss) gain on derivatives and changes in accumulated OCI	_	_	(4)	3	(1)
Distributions to CEG, net of contributions, cash	(1)		_	_	(1)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions, cash	_	_	_	215	215
Transfers of assets under common control	(38)		_	(2)	(40)
Distributions paid to Clearway, Inc.	_	(47)	_	_	(47)
Distributions paid to CEG Class B and Class D unit holders	_	(34)	_	_	(34)
Other	_	_	_	1	1
Balances at March 31, 2024	1,260	920	11	2,947	5,138
Net income (loss)	_	107	_	(96)	11
Unrealized gain on derivatives and changes in accumulated OCI	_	_	1	_	1
Contributions from CEG, net of distributions, cash	222	_	_	_	222
Contributions to noncontrolling interests, net of distributions, cash	_	_	_	988	988
Distributions to noncontrolling interests, net of contributions, non-cash	_	_	_	(1)	(1)
Transfers of assets under common control	(539)	_	_	(5)	(544)
Tax-related distributions	_	(1)	_	_	(1)
Distributions paid to Clearway, Inc.	_	(48)	_	_	(48)
Distributions paid to CEG Class B and Class D unit holders	_	(35)	_	_	(35)
Other	_	(1)	_	_	(1)
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$ 943	\$ 942	\$ 12	\$ 3,833	\$ 5,730

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF MEMBERS' EQUITY

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2023

(Unaudited)

(In millions)		ributed ipital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Omprehensive Income	No	ncontrolling Interest	Total Members' Equity
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$	1,308	\$ 1,240	\$ 21	\$	1,591	\$ 4,160
Net loss		_	(22)	_		(33)	(55)
Unrealized loss on derivatives and changes in accumulated OCI		_	_	(3)		(1)	(4)
Contributions from CEG, net of distributions, cash		30	_	_		_	30
Contributions from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions, cash		_	_	_		215	215
Transfers of assets under common control		(59)	_	_		53	(6)
Distributions paid to Clearway, Inc.		_	(32)	_		_	(32)
Distributions paid to CEG Class B and Class D unit holders		_	(44)	_		_	(44)
Balances at March 31, 2023	· -	1,279	1,142	 18		1,825	4,264
Net income (loss)		_	106	_		(6)	100
Unrealized gain on derivatives and changes in accumulated OCI		_	_	3		1	4
Distributions to CEG, cash		(4)	_	_		_	(4)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests, net of contributions, cash		_	_	_		(5)	(5)
Tax-related distributions		_	(45)	_		_	(45)
Distributions paid to Clearway, Inc.		_	(45)	_		_	(45)
Distributions paid to CEG Class B and Class D unit holders		_	(32)	_		_	(32)
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	1,275	\$ 1,126	\$ 21	\$	1,815	\$ 4,237

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Note 1 — Nature of Business

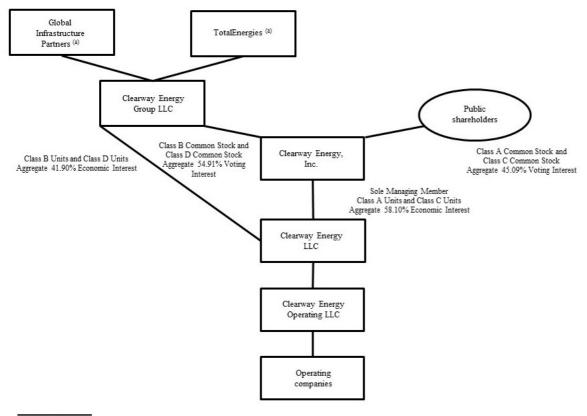
Clearway Energy LLC, together with its consolidated subsidiaries, or the Company, is an energy infrastructure investor with a focus on investments in clean energy and owner of modern, sustainable and long-term contracted assets across North America. The Company is sponsored by GIP and TotalEnergies through the portfolio company, Clearway Energy Group LLC, or CEG, which is equally owned by GIP and TotalEnergies. GIP is an independent infrastructure fund manager that makes equity and debt investments in infrastructure assets and businesses. TotalEnergies is a global multi-energy company. CEG is a leading developer of renewable energy infrastructure in the U.S.

The Company is one of the largest renewable energy owners in the U.S. with approximately 6,500 net MW of installed wind, solar and battery energy storage system, or BESS, facilities. The Company's approximately 9,000 net MW of assets also includes approximately 2,500 net MW of environmentally-sound, highly efficient natural gas-fired generation facilities. Through this environmentally-sound, diversified and primarily contracted portfolio, the Company endeavors to increase distributions to its unit holders. The majority of the Company's revenues are derived from long-term contractual arrangements for the output or capacity from these assets.

Clearway Energy, Inc., or Clearway, Inc., consolidates the results of the Company through its controlling interest, with CEG's interest shown as contributed capital in the Company's consolidated financial statements. The holders of Clearway, Inc.'s outstanding shares of Class A and Class C common stock are entitled to dividends as declared. CEG receives its distributions from the Company through its ownership of the Company's Class B and Class D units.

As of June 30, 2024, Clearway, Inc. owned 58.10% of the economic interests of the Company, with CEG owning 41.90% of the economic interests of the Company.

The following table represents a summarized structure of the Company as of June 30, 2024:



⁽a) GIP and TotalEnergies each own 50% of CEG through intermediate holding companies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the SEC's regulations for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The following notes should be read in conjunction with the accounting policies and other disclosures as set forth in the notes to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2023 Form 10-K. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements contain all material adjustments consisting of normal and recurring accruals necessary to present fairly the Company's consolidated financial position as of June 30, 2024, and results of operations, comprehensive income and cash flows for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Note 2 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions impact the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the consolidated financial statements. They also impact the reported amounts of net earnings during the reporting periods. Actual results could be different from these estimates.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

Cash and cash equivalents include highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase. Cash and cash equivalents held at subsidiary facilities was \$191 million and \$125 million as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash reported within the consolidated balance sheets that sum to the total of the same such amounts shown in the consolidated statements of cash flows:

	Jui	ne 30, 2024	December 31, 2023			
		(In millions)				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	226	\$	535		
Restricted cash		344		516		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash shown in the consolidated statements of cash flows	\$	570	\$	1,051		

Restricted cash consists primarily of funds held to satisfy the requirements of certain debt agreements and funds held within the Company's facilities that are restricted in their use. As of June 30, 2024, these restricted funds were comprised of \$169 million designated to fund operating expenses, \$42 million designated for current debt service payments and \$89 million restricted for reserves including debt service, performance obligations and other reserves as well as capital expenditures. The remaining \$44 million is held in distributions reserve accounts.

Supplemental Cash Flow Information

The following table provides a disaggregation of the amounts classified as Acquisition of Drop Down Assets, net of cash acquired, shown in the consolidated statements of cash flows:

		Six months ended June 30,					
	2024		202	23			
		(In millions)					
Cash paid to acquire Drop Down Assets	\$	(673)	\$	(21)			
Cash acquired from the acquisition of Drop Down Assets		2		14			
Acquisition of Drop Down Assets, net of cash acquired	\$	(671)	\$	(7)			

Accumulated Depreciation and Accumulated Amortization

The following table presents the accumulated depreciation included in property, plant and equipment, net, and accumulated amortization included in intangible assets, net:

	 June 30, 2024	Decembe	r 31, 2023		
	(In millions)				
Property, Plant and Equipment Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 3,781	\$	3,485		
Intangible Assets Accumulated Amortization	1,101		1,009		

Distributions

The following table lists distributions paid on the Company's Class A, B, C and D units during the six months ended June 30, 2024:

	Second	Quarter 2024	First Quarter 2024		
Distributions per Class A, B, C and D unit	\$	0.4102	\$	0.4033	

On August 1, 2024, the Company declared a distribution on its Class A, Class B, Class C and Class D units of \$0.4171 per unit payable on September 16, 2024 to unit holders of record as of September 3, 2024.

Revenue Recognition

Disaggregated Revenues

The following tables represent the Company's disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers along with the reportable segment for each category:

	Three months ended June 30, 2024						
(In millions)		onventional Seneration	Renewables		Total		
Energy revenue (a)	\$	10	\$ 334	\$	344		
Capacity revenue (a)		67	13		80		
Other revenues		1	29		30		
Contract amortization		(4)	(42)		(46)		
Mark-to-market for economic hedges		(5)	(37)		(42)		
Total operating revenues		69	297		366		
Less: Contract amortization		4	42		46		
Less: Mark-to-market for economic hedges		5	37		42		
Less: Lease revenue		(28)	(267)		(295)		
Total revenue from contracts with customers	\$	50	\$ 109	\$	159		

⁽a) The following amounts of energy and capacity revenues relate to leases and are accounted for under ASC 842:

(In millions)	Conventional Generation	Renewables	Total
Energy revenue	\$	\$ 258	\$ 258
Capacity revenue	28	9	37
Total	\$ 28	\$ 267	\$ 295

	Three months ended June 30, 2023				23
(In millions)		onventional Generation	Renewables		Total
Energy revenue (a)	\$	3	\$ 275	\$	278
Capacity revenue (a)		96	5		101
Other revenues (a)		21	27		48
Contract amortization		(5)	(42)	(47)
Mark-to-market for economic hedges		_	26		26
Total operating revenues		115	291		406
Less: Contract amortization		5	42		47
Less: Mark-to-market for economic hedges		_	(26)	(26)
Less: Lease revenue		(104)	(237)	(341)
Total revenue from contracts with customers	\$	16	\$ 70	\$	86

⁽a) The following amounts of energy, capacity and other revenues relate to leases and are accounted for under ASC 842:

(In millions)	Conventional Generation	Renewables	Total
Energy revenue	\$ 1	\$ 233	\$ 234
Capacity revenue	82	4	86
Other revenues (b)	21	_	21
Total	\$ 104	\$ 237	\$ 341

⁽b) Includes sales-type lease revenue recognized for the Marsh Landing Black Start addition that reached commercial operations on May 31, 2023.

Six months ended June 30, 2024

(In millions)		ventional neration	Renewables	Total
Energy revenue ^(a)	\$	32	\$ 555	\$ 587
Capacity revenue ^(a)		130	22	152
Other revenues		3	43	46
Contract amortization		(9)	(83)	(92)
Mark-to-market for economic hedges		8	(72)	(64)
Total operating revenue	·	164	465	629
Less: Contract amortization		9	83	92
Less: Mark-to-market for economic hedges		(8)	72	64
Less: Lease revenue		(57)	(444)	(501)
Total revenue from contracts with customers	\$	108	\$ 176	\$ 284

⁽a) The following amounts of energy and capacity revenues relate to leases and are accounted for under ASC 842:

(In millions)	Conventional Generation	Renewables	Total
Energy revenue	\$ 1	\$ 427	\$ 428
Capacity revenue	56	17	73
Total	\$ 57	\$ 444	\$ 501

	Six months ended June 30, 2023						
(In millions)	Conventional Generation	Rer	iewables		Total		
Energy revenue (a)	\$ 4	\$	473	\$	477		
Capacity revenue (a)	196		10		206		
Other revenues (a)	21		39		60		
Contract amortization	(11)		(83)		(94)		
Mark-to-market for economic hedges	_		45		45		
Total operating revenue	 210		484		694		
Less: Contract amortization	11		83		94		
Less: Mark-to-market for economic hedges	_		(45)		(45)		
Less: Lease revenue	(205)		(393)		(598)		
Total revenue from contracts with customers	\$ 16	\$	129	\$	145		

⁽a) The following amounts of energy, capacity and other revenues relate to leases and are accounted for under ASC 842:

(In millions)	(Conventional Generation	Renewables	Total
Energy revenue	\$	2	\$ 385	\$ 387
Capacity revenue		182	8	190
Other revenues (b)		21	_	21
Total	\$	205	\$ 393	\$ 598

⁽b) Includes sales-type lease revenue recognized for the Marsh Landing Black Start addition that reached commercial operations on May 31, 2023.

Contract Balances

The following table reflects the contract assets and liabilities included on the Company's consolidated balance sheets:

	 June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023		
	(In millions)			
Accounts receivable, net - Contracts with customers	\$ 100	\$ 66		
Accounts receivable, net - Leases	155	105		
Total accounts receivable, net	\$ 255	\$ 171		

Note 3 — Acquisitions

Cedar Creek Drop Down — On April 16, 2024, the Company, through its indirect subsidiary, Cedar Creek Wind Holdco LLC, acquired Cedar Creek Holdco LLC, the indirect owner of Cedar Creek, a 160 MW wind facility that is located in Bingham County, Idaho, from Clearway Renew for cash consideration of \$117 million. Cedar Creek Holdco LLC consolidates as primary beneficiary, Cedar Creek TE Holdco LLC, a tax equity fund that owns the Cedar Creek wind facility, as further described in Note 4, Investments Accounted for by the Equity Method and Variable Interest Entities. Cedar Creek has a 25-year PPA with an investment-grade utility that commenced in March 2024. The Cedar Creek operations are reflected in the Company's Renewables segment and the acquisition was funded with existing sources of liquidity. The acquisition was determined to be an asset acquisition and the Company consolidates Cedar Creek on a prospective basis in its financial statements. The assets and liabilities transferred to the Company relate to interests under common control and were recorded at historical cost in accordance with ASC 805-50, Business Combinations - Related Issues. The difference between the cash paid of \$117 million and the historical cost of the Company's net assets acquired of \$17 million was recorded as an adjustment to contributed capital. In addition, the Company reflected the entire \$117 million of the Company's purchase price, which was contributed back to the Company by CEG to pay down the acquired long-term debt, in the line item contributions from CEG, net of distributions in the consolidated statements of members' equity.

The following is a summary of assets and liabilities transferred in connection with the acquisition as of April 16, 2024:

(In millions)	Cedar Creek
Restricted cash	\$ 1
Property, plant and equipment	311
Right-of-use assets, net	6
Derivative assets	14
Other current and non-current assets	14
Total assets acquired	 346
Long-term debt (a)	309
Long-term lease liabilities	7
Other current and non-current liabilities	13
Total liabilities assumed	329
Net assets acquired	\$ 17

⁽a) Includes a \$112 million construction loan, a \$91 million cash equity bridge loan, and a \$109 million tax equity bridge loan, offset by \$3 million in unamortized debt issuance costs. See Note 7, Long-term Debt, for further discussion of the long-term debt assumed in the acquisition.

Texas Solar Nova 2 Drop Down — On March 15, 2024, the Company, through its indirect subsidiary, TSN1 TE Holdco LLC, acquired Texas Solar Nova 2, a 200 MW solar facility that is located in Kent County, Texas, from Clearway Renew for cash consideration of \$112 million, \$17 million of which was funded by the Company with the remaining \$95 million funded through a contribution from the cash equity investor in Lighthouse Renewable Holdco 2 LLC, which is a partnership. Lighthouse Renewable Holdco 2 LLC indirectly consolidates as primary beneficiary, TSN1 TE Holdco LLC, a tax equity fund that owns Texas Solar Nova 1 and Texas Solar Nova 2, as further described in Note 4, Investments Accounted for by the Equity Method and Variable Interest Entities. Texas Solar Nova 2 has an 18-year PPA with an investment-grade counterparty that commenced in February 2024. The Texas Solar Nova 2 operations are reflected in the Company's Renewables segment and the Company's portion of the purchase price was funded with existing sources of liquidity. The acquisition was determined to be an asset acquisition and the Company consolidates Texas Solar Nova 2 on a prospective basis in its financial statements. The assets and liabilities transferred to the Company relate to interests under common control and were recorded at historical cost in accordance with ASC 805-50, Business Combinations - Related Issues. The difference between the cash paid of \$112 million and the historical cost of the Company's purchase price, which was contributed back to the Company by CEG to pay down the acquired long-term debt, in the line item distributions to CEG, net of contributions in the consolidated statements of members' equity.

The following is a summary of assets and liabilities transferred in connection with the acquisition as of March 15, 2024:

(In millions)	Texas Solar Nova 2
Restricted cash	\$ 1
Property, plant and equipment	280
Right-of-use assets, net	21
Derivative assets	6
Other current and non-current assets	4
Total assets acquired	 312
Long-term debt (a)	194
Long-term lease liabilities	19
Other current and non-current liabilities	27
Total liabilities assumed	 240
Net assets acquired	\$ 72

⁽a) Includes an \$80 million term loan and a \$115 million tax equity bridge loan, offset by \$1 million in unamortized debt issuance costs. See Note 7, Long-term Debt, for further discussion of the long-term debt assumed in the acquisition.

Note 4 — Investments Accounted for by the Equity Method and Variable Interest Entities

Entities that are not Consolidated

The Company has interests in entities that are considered VIEs under ASC 810, but for which it is not considered the primary beneficiary. The Company accounts for its interests in these entities and entities in which it has a significant investment under the equity method of accounting, as further described under Item 15 — Note 5, *Investments Accounted for by the Equity Method and Variable Interest Entities*, to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2023 Form 10-K.

The following table reflects the Company's equity investments in unconsolidated affiliates as of June 30, 2024:

Name	Economic Interest		Investment Balance (a)
			(In millions)
Avenal	50%	\$	7
Desert Sunlight	25%		221
Elkhorn Ridge	67%		11
GenConn (b)	50%		77
San Juan Mesa	75%		5
		\$	321

⁽a) The Company's maximum exposure to loss is limited to its investment balances.

Rosie Central BESS

On June 13, 2024, when the Rosamond Central BESS facility reached substantial completion, Clearway Renew redeemed Rosie Class B LLC's entire investment of \$28 million in Rosie Central BESS that was accounted for as an equity method investment, as further discussed in Note 7, *Long-term Debt*. Rosie Class B LLC's equity investment in Rosie Central BESS was comprised of contributions from the Company and the cash equity investor in Rosie TargetCo LLC during the year ended December 31, 2023.

Entities that are Consolidated

As further described under Item 15 — Note 5, *Investments Accounted for by the Equity Method and Variable Interest Entities*, to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2023 Form 10-K, the Company has a controlling financial interest in certain entities which have been identified as VIEs under ASC 810, *Consolidations*, or ASC 810. These arrangements are primarily related to tax equity arrangements entered into with third parties in order to monetize certain tax credits associated with wind, solar and BESS facilities. The Company also has a controlling financial interest in certain partnership arrangements with third-party investors, which also have been identified as VIEs. Under the Company's arrangements that have been identified as VIEs, the third-party investors are allocated earnings, tax attributes and distributable cash in accordance with the respective limited liability company agreements. Many of these arrangements also provide a mechanism to facilitate achievement of the investor's specified return by providing incremental cash distributions to the investor at a specified date if the specified return has not yet been achieved.

The following is a summary of significant activity during the six months ended June 30, 2024 related to the Company's consolidated VIEs:

Cedar Creek TE Holdco LLC

As described in Note 3, *Acquisitions*, on April 16, 2024, the Company, through its indirect subsidiary, Cedar Creek Wind Holdco LLC, acquired Cedar Creek Holdco LLC. Cedar Creek Holdco LLC consolidates as primary beneficiary, Cedar Creek TE Holdco LLC, a tax equity fund that owns the Cedar Creek wind facility. The Class A membership interests in Cedar Creek TE Holdco LLC are held by a tax equity investor and are reflected as noncontrolling interest on the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

Lighthouse Renewable Holdco 2 LLC

As described in Note 3, *Acquisitions*, on March 15, 2024, TSN1 TE Holdco LLC, an indirect subsidiary of the Company, acquired Texas Solar Nova 2. The Company, through Lighthouse Renewable Holdco 2 LLC, a partnership, consolidates TSN1 TE Holdco LLC, a tax equity fund that owns Texas Solar Nova 1 and Texas Solar Nova 2. The Company recorded the noncontrolling interest of the cash equity investor in Lighthouse Renewable Holdco 2 LLC at historical carrying amount, with the offset to contributed capital. The Class A membership interests in TSN1 TE Holdco LLC are held by a tax equity investor and are reflected as noncontrolling interest on the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

⁽b) GenConn is a VIE.

Daggett Renewable Holdco LLC

Effective January 1, 2024, the Company and the cash equity investor in Daggett Renewable HoldCo LLC and Daggett 2 TargetCo LLC, the indirect owner of the Daggett 2 solar and BESS facility, agreed to transfer Daggett 2 TargetCo LLC to Daggett Renewable Holdco LLC. As the transfer was among entities under common control, the transaction was recognized at historical cost and no gain or loss was recognized.

Summarized financial information for the Company's consolidated VIEs consisted of the following as of June 30, 2024:

(In millions)	Buckthorn Holdings, LLC	Cedar Creek TE Holdco LLC	Daggett Renewable Holdco LLC ^(a)	DGPV Funds (b)	Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC ^(c)	Lighthouse Renewable Holdco 2 LLC ^(d)
Other current and non-current assets	\$ 5	\$ 47	\$ 240	\$ 56	\$ 69	\$ 153
Property, plant and equipment	181	310	1,369	371	403	1,329
Intangible assets				1		2
Total assets	186	357	1,609	428	472	1,484
Current and non-current liabilities	12	124	645	51	140	586
Total liabilities	12	124	645	51	140	586
Noncontrolling interest	10	105	951	9	245	696
Net assets less noncontrolling interest	\$ 164	\$ 128	\$ 13	\$ 368	\$ 87	\$ 202

⁽a) Daggett Renewable Holdco LLC consolidates Daggett TE Holdco LLC and Daggett 2 TE Holdco LLC, which are consolidated VIEs.

⁽d) Lighthouse Renewable Holdco 2 LLC consolidates Mesquite Sky TE Holdco LLC, Mesquite Star Tax Equity Holdco LLC and TSN1 TE Holdco LLC, which are consolidated VIEs.

(In millions)	Oahu Solar LLC	Rattlesnake TE Holdco LLC	Rosie TargetCo LLC	VP-Arica TargetCo LLC ^(a)	Wildorado TE Holdco LLC	Other (b)
Other current and non-current assets	\$ 38	\$ 15	\$ 56	\$ 54	\$ 24	\$ 46
Property, plant and equipment	153	170	542	1,015	186	340
Intangible assets	_	_	_	2	_	14
Total assets	191	185	598	1,071	210	400
Current and non-current liabilities	22	17	222	40	18	170
Total liabilities	22	17	222	40	18	170
Noncontrolling interest	21	78	314	374	90	149
Net assets less noncontrolling interest	\$ 148	\$ 90	\$ 62	\$ 657	\$ 102	\$ 81

⁽a) VP-Arica TargetCo LLC consolidates VP-Arica TE Holdco LLC, a consolidated VIE that owns the Victory Pass and Arica solar and BESS facilities.

⁽b) DGPV Funds is comprised of Clearway & EFS Distributed Solar LLC, Golden Puma Fund LLC, Renew Solar CS4 Fund LLC and Chestnut Fund LLC, which are all tax equity funds.

⁽c) Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC consolidates Black Rock TE Holdco LLC and Mililani TE Holdco LLC, which are consolidated VIEs.

⁽b) Other is comprised of Elbow Creek TE Holdco LLC, Langford TE Partnership LLC, Pinnacle Repowering TE Holdco LLC and the Spring Canyon facilities.

Note 5 — Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair Value Accounting under ASC 820

ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1—quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access as of the
 measurement date.
- Level 2—inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are directly observable for the asset or liability or indirectly observable through corroboration with observable market data.
- Level 3—unobservable inputs for the asset or liability only used when there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date.

In accordance with ASC 820, the Company determines the level in the fair value hierarchy within which each fair value measurement in its entirety falls, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

For cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable — trade, accounts receivable — affiliates, accounts payable — trade, accounts payable — affiliates and accrued expenses and other current liabilities, the carrying amounts approximate fair value because of the short-term maturity of those instruments and are classified as Level 1 within the fair value hierarchy.

The carrying amount and estimated fair value of the Company's recorded financial instrument not carried at fair market value or that does not approximate fair value is as follows:

	As of June 30, 2024				31, 2023			
	Carrying A	Amount	Fair Valu	e	Carryi	ng Amount		Fair Value
	(In millions)							
Long-term debt, including current portion — affiliate	\$	_	\$	1	\$	1	\$	1
Long-term debt, including current portion — external (a)		7,268	6,	696		8,102		7,611

⁽a) Excludes net debt issuance costs, which are recorded as a reduction to long-term debt on the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

The fair value of the Company's publicly-traded long-term debt is based on quoted market prices and is classified as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of debt securities, non-publicly traded long-term debt and certain notes receivable of the Company are based on expected future cash flows discounted at market interest rates, or current interest rates for similar instruments with equivalent credit quality and are classified as Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy. The following table presents the level within the fair value hierarchy for long-term debt, including current portion:

		As of June 30, 2024				1, 2023		
	<u></u>	Level 2 Level 3			Level 2		Level 3	
				(In m	illions)			
Long-term debt, including current portion	\$	1,914	\$	4,782	\$	1,940	\$	5,672

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

The Company records its derivative assets and liabilities at fair market value on its consolidated balance sheets. The following table presents assets and liabilities measured and recorded at fair value on the Company's consolidated balance sheets on a recurring basis and their level within the fair value hierarchy:

		As of June	30, 2024		As of December 31, 2023 Fair Value (a)			
		Fair Va	lue ^(a)					
(In millions)	Lev	/el 2 ^(b)	Level 3		Level 2 (b)	Level 3		
Derivative assets:								
Energy-related commodity contracts (c)	\$	_	\$ 3	\$	2	\$	_	
Interest rate contracts		165	_		121		_	
Other financial instruments (d)		_	10		_		13	
Total assets	\$	165	\$ 13	\$	123	\$	13	
Derivative liabilities:								
Energy-related commodity contracts (e)	\$	1	\$ 394	\$	_	\$	330	
Interest rate contracts		_	_		2		_	
Total liabilities	\$	1	\$ 394	\$	2	\$	330	

⁽a) There were no derivative assets or liabilities classified as Level 1 as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

The following table reconciles the beginning and ending balances for instruments that are recognized at fair value in the consolidated financial statements using significant unobservable inputs:

	7	Three months	ended .	June 30,		Six months er	ine 30,	
		2024 2023				2024		2023
(In millions)	Fair Value Measurement Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)				Fair Value Measurement Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
Beginning balance	\$	(339)	\$	(316)	\$	(317)	\$	(336)
Settlements		(3)		5		(6)		9
Total (losses) gains for the period included in earnings		(39)		20		(58)		36
Ending balance	\$	(381)	\$	(291)	\$	(381)	\$	(291)
Change in unrealized losses included in earnings for derivatives and other financial instruments held as of June 30, 2024	\$	(39)			\$	(58)		

Derivative and Financial Instruments Fair Value Measurements

The Company's contracts are non-exchange-traded and valued using prices provided by external sources. The Company uses quoted observable forward prices to value its energy-related commodity contracts, which includes long-term power commodity contracts and heat rate call option contracts. To the extent that observable forward prices are not available, the quoted prices reflect the average of the forward prices from the prior year, adjusted for inflation. As of June 30, 2024, contracts valued with prices provided by models and other valuation techniques make up 2% of derivative assets and 100% of derivative liabilities and other financial instruments.

The Company's significant positions classified as Level 3 include physical and financial energy-related commodity contracts executed in illiquid markets. The significant unobservable inputs used in developing fair value include illiquid power tenors and location pricing, which is derived by extrapolating pricing as a basis to liquid locations. The tenor pricing and basis

⁽b) The Company's interest rate swaps are measured at fair value using an income approach, which uses readily observable inputs, such as forward interest rates (e.g., SOFR) and contractual terms to estimate fair value.

⁽c) Includes long-term backbone transportation service contracts classified as Level 2 and short-term heat rate call option contracts classified as Level 3.

⁽d) Includes SREC contract.

⁽e) Includes long-term backbone transportation contracts classified as Level 2 and long-term power commodity contracts and short-term heat rate call option contracts classified as Level 3. As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, Level 3 amounts include \$394 million and \$325 million related to long-term power commodity contracts and zero and \$5 million related to short-term heat rate call option contracts, respectively.

spread are based on observable market data when available or derived from historic prices and forward market prices from similar observable markets when not available.

The following table quantifies the significant unobservable inputs used in developing the fair value of the Company's Level 3 positions:

June 30, 2024

		Fai	ir Value				Input/Range							
	Assets Liabilities		Valuation Technique				High	Weighted Average						
	(In n	nillions)							_					
Long-term Power Commodity Contracts	\$	— \$	394	Discounted Cash Flow	Forward Market Price (per MWh)	\$	24.76 \$	95.06 \$	47.19					
Heat Rate Call Option		3	_	Option Model	Forward Market Price (per MWh)	\$	(12.97) \$	1,127.48 \$	60.73					
Commodity Contracts				Option Model	Forward Market Price (per MMBtu)	\$	1.66 \$	13.71 \$	6.03					
Other Financial Instruments		10	_	Discounted Cash Flow	Forecast annual generation levels of certain DG solar facilities		59,425 MWh	118,850 MWh	111,091 MWh					

The following table provides the impact on the fair value measurements to increases/(decreases) in significant unobservable inputs as of June 30, 2024:

Туре	Significant Unobservable Input	Position	Change In Input	Impact on Fair Value Measurement
Energy-Related Commodity Contracts	Forward Market Price Power	Sell	Increase/(Decrease)	Lower/(Higher)
Energy-Related Commodity Contracts	Forward Market Price Gas	Sell	Increase/(Decrease)	Higher/(Lower)
Other Financial Instruments	Forecast Generation Levels	Sell	Increase/(Decrease)	Higher/(Lower)

The fair value of each contract is discounted using a risk-free interest rate. In addition, a credit reserve is applied to reflect credit risk, which is, for interest rate swaps, calculated based on credit default swaps using the bilateral method. For commodities, to the extent that the Net Exposure under a specific master agreement is an asset, the Company uses the counterparty's default swap rate. If the Net Exposure under a specific master agreement is a liability, the Company uses a proxy of its own default swap rate. For interest rate swaps and commodities, the credit reserve is added to the discounted fair value to reflect the exit price that a market participant would be willing to receive to assume the liabilities or that a market participant would be willing to pay for the assets. As of June 30, 2024, the non-performance reserve was a \$14 million gain recorded primarily to total operating revenues in the consolidated statements of income. It is possible that future market prices could vary from those used in recording assets and liabilities and such variations could be material.

Concentration of Credit Risk

In addition to the credit risk discussion as disclosed under Item 15 — Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2023 Form 10-K, the following item is a discussion of the concentration of credit risk for the Company's financial instruments. Credit risk relates to the risk of loss resulting from non-performance or non-payment by counterparties pursuant to the terms of their contractual obligations. The Company monitors and manages credit risk through credit policies that include: (i) an established credit approval process; (ii) monitoring of counterparties' credit limits on an as needed basis; (iii) as applicable, the use of credit mitigation measures such as margin, collateral, prepayment arrangements, or volumetric limits; (iv) the use of payment netting agreements; and (v) the use of master netting agreements that allow for the netting of positive and negative exposures of various contracts associated with a single counterparty. Risks surrounding counterparty performance and credit could ultimately impact the amount and timing of expected cash flows. The Company seeks to mitigate counterparty risk by having a diversified portfolio of counterparties.

Counterparty credit exposure includes credit risk exposure under certain long-term agreements, including solar and other PPAs. As external sources or observable market quotes are not available to estimate such exposure, the Company estimates the exposure related to these contracts based on various techniques including, but not limited to, internal models based on a fundamental analysis of the market and extrapolation of observable market data with similar characteristics. A significant portion of these energy-related commodity contracts are with utilities with strong credit quality and public utility commission or other regulatory support. However, such regulated utility counterparties can be impacted by changes in government regulations or adverse financial conditions, which the Company is unable to predict. Certain subsidiaries of the Company sell the output of their facilities to PG&E, a significant counterparty of the Company, under long-term PPAs, and PG&E's credit rating is below investment-grade.

Note 6 — Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

This footnote should be read in conjunction with the complete description under Item 15 — Note 7, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2023 Form 10-K.

Interest Rate Swaps

The Company enters into interest rate swap agreements in order to hedge the variability of expected future cash interest payments. As of June 30, 2024, the Company had interest rate derivative instruments on non-recourse debt extending through 2040, a portion of which were designated as cash flow hedges. Under the interest rate swap agreements, the Company pays a fixed rate and the counterparties to the agreements pay a variable interest rate.

Energy-Related Commodity Contracts

As of June 30, 2024, the Company had energy-related derivative instruments extending through 2033. At June 30, 2024, these contracts were not designated as cash flow or fair value hedges.

Volumetric Underlying Derivative Transactions

The following table summarizes the net notional volume buy/(sell) of the Company's open derivative transactions broken out by commodity:

			Total volume			
		Jui	ne 30, 2024	December 31, 2023		
Commodity	<u>Units</u>		(In millio	ons)		
Power	MWh		(19)	(23)		
Natural Gas	MMBtu		17	17		
Interest	Dollars	\$	1,715 \$	2,467		

Fair Value of Derivative Instruments

The following table summarizes the fair value within the derivative instrument valuation on the consolidated balance sheets:

			Fair	Valu	ıe		
	 Derivati	ive A	Assets		Derivative	lities	
	June 30, 2024		December 31, 2023		June 30, 2024	I	December 31, 2023
			(In m	illio	ns)		
Derivatives Designated as Cash Flow Hedges:							
Interest rate contracts current	\$ 8	\$	7	\$	_	\$	_
Interest rate contracts long-term	19		12		_		2
Total Derivatives Designated as Cash Flow Hedges	\$ 27	\$	19	\$	_	\$	2
Derivatives Not Designated as Cash Flow Hedges:							
Interest rate contracts current	\$ 40	\$	33	\$	_	\$	_
Interest rate contracts long-term	98		69		_		_
Energy-related commodity contracts current	3		1		59		51
Energy-related commodity contracts long-term	_		1		336		279
Total Derivatives Not Designated as Cash Flow Hedges	\$ 141	\$	104	\$	395	\$	330
Total Derivatives	\$ 168	\$	123	\$	395	\$	332

The Company has elected to present derivative assets and liabilities on the balance sheet on a trade-by-trade basis and does not offset amounts at the counterparty level. As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the amount of outstanding collateral paid or received was immaterial. The following tables summarize the offsetting of derivatives by counterparty:

		Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Statement of Financial Position									
As of June 30, 2024	Gross	Amounts of Recognized Assets/Liabilities	Derivative Instruments	Net Amount							
Energy-related commodity contracts				(In millions)							
Derivative assets	\$	3	\$	-	\$	3					
Derivative liabilities		(395)		-		(395)					
Total energy-related commodity contracts	\$	(392)	\$	_	\$	(392)					
Interest rate contracts											
Derivative assets	\$	165	\$	-	\$	165					
Total interest rate contracts	\$	165	\$	_	\$	165					
Total derivative instruments	\$	(227)	\$	_	\$	(227)					

	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Statement of Financial Position								
As of December 31, 2023	Gr	oss Amounts of Recognized Assets/Liabilities		Derivative Instruments		Net Amount			
Energy-related commodity contracts				(In millions)					
Derivative assets	\$	2	\$		\$	2			
Derivative liabilities		(330)		-		(330)			
Total energy-related commodity contracts	\$	(328)	\$	_	\$	(328)			
Interest rate contracts									
Derivative assets	\$	121	\$	(2)	\$	119			
Derivative liabilities		(2)		2		_			
Total interest rate contracts	\$	119	\$	_	\$	119			
Total derivative instruments	\$	(209)	\$	_	\$	(209)			

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following table summarizes the effects on the Company's accumulated OCI balance attributable to interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedge derivatives:

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June			June 30,	
		2024		2023	-	2024		2023
				(In m	illions	s)		
Accumulated OCI beginning balance	\$	19	\$	23	\$	20	\$	27
Reclassified from accumulated OCI to income due to realization of previously deferred amounts		(1)		(1)		(2)		(1)
Mark-to-market of cash flow hedge accounting contracts		2		5		2		1
Accumulated OCI ending balance		20		27		20		27
Accumulated OCI attributable to noncontrolling interests		8		6		8		6
Accumulated OCI attributable to Clearway Energy LLC	\$	12	\$	21	\$	12	\$	21
Gains expected to be realized from OCI during the next 12 months	\$	6			\$	6		

Amounts reclassified from accumulated OCI into income are recorded to interest expense.

Impact of Derivative Instruments on the Consolidated Statements of Income

Mark-to-market gains/(losses) related to the Company's derivatives are recorded in the consolidated statements of income as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,			led June 30,		
		2024	2023		2024	2023
	-		(In m	illions))	
Interest Rate Contracts (Interest expense)	\$	1	\$ 22	\$	24	\$ 1
Energy-Related Commodity Contracts (Mark-to-market for economic hedging activities included in Total operating revenues) (a)		(38)	32		(61)	50
Energy-Related Commodity Contracts (Mark-to-market for economic hedging activities included in Cost of operations) (b)		(1)	_		(3)	_

⁽a) Relates to long-term energy related commodity contracts at Elbow Creek, Mesquite Star, Mt. Storm, Langford and Mesquite Sky and short-term heat rate call option energy-related commodity contracts at El Segundo, Marsh Landing and Walnut Creek.

See Note 5, Fair Value of Financial Instruments, for a discussion regarding concentration of credit risk.

⁽b) Relates to long-term backbone transportation service energy-related commodity contracts at El Segundo and Walnut Creek.

Note 7 — Long-term Debt

This note should be read in conjunction with the complete description under Item 15 — Note 10, *Long-term Debt*, to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2023 Form 10-K. The Company's borrowings, including short-term and long-term portions, consisted of the following:

(In millions, except rates)	June 30,	2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2024 interest rate % ^(a)	Letters of Credit Outstanding at June 30, 2024
Intercompany Note with Clearway, Inc.	\$		\$ 1		
2028 Senior Notes		850	850	4.750	
2031 Senior Notes		925	925	3.750	
2032 Senior Notes		350	350	3.750	
Clearway Energy LLC and Clearway Energy Operating LLC Revolving Credit Facility, due 2028 ^(b)		_	_	S+1.500	\$ 205
Non-recourse facility-level debt:					
Agua Caliente Solar LLC, due 2037		603	612	2.395-3.633	14
Alta Wind Asset Management LLC, due 2031		10	11	S+2.775	_
Alta Wind I-V lease financing arrangements, due 2034 and 2035		628	660	5.696-7.015	67
Alta Wind Realty Investments LLC, due 2031		19	20	7.000	_
Borrego, due 2024 and 2038		47	48	Various	4
Broken Bow, due 2031		38	41	S+2.100	6
Buckthorn Solar, due 2025		115	116	S+2.100	22
Carlsbad Energy Holdings LLC, due 2027		92	93	S+1.900	82
Carlsbad Energy Holdings LLC, due 2038		407	407	4.120	_
Carlsbad Holdco, LLC, due 2038		194	195	4.210	6
Cedar Creek, due 2029		110	_	S+1.625	19
Cedro Hill, due 2024 and 2029		169	165	S+1.250-1.375	_
Crofton Bluffs, due 2031		25	27	S+2.100	3
CVSR, due 2037		585	601	2.339-3.775	12
CVSR Holdco Notes, due 2037		143	152	4.680	_
Daggett 2, due 2028		156	156	S+1.762	32
Daggett 3, due 2028		217	217	S+1.762	44
DG-CS Master Borrower LLC, due 2040		378	385	3.510	29
Mililani Class B Member Holdco LLC, due 2028		92	92	S+1.600	18
NIMH Solar, due 2031 and 2033		137	148	S+2.000-2.125	17
Oahu Solar Holdings LLC, due 2026		80	81	S+1.525	11
Rosie Class B LLC, due 2029		192	347	S+1.750	31
Texas Solar Nova 1, due 2028 (c)		_	102		_
TSN1 Class B Member LLC, due 2029 (c)		181	_	S+1.750	53
Utah Solar Holdings, due 2036		238	242	3.590	161
Viento Funding II, LLC, due 2029		167	175	S+1.475	29
Victory Pass and Arica, due 2024		_	757		_
Other		117	124	Various	77
Subtotal non-recourse facility-level debt		5,140	5,974		
Total debt		7,265	8,100		
Less current maturities		(412)	(559)		
Less net debt issuance costs		(59)	(65)		
Add premiums (d)		3	3		
Total long-term debt	\$	6,797	\$ 7,479		

⁽a) As of June 30, 2024, S+ equals SOFR plus x%.

⁽b) Applicable rate is determined by the borrower leverage ratio, as defined in the credit agreement, and only applies to outstanding borrowings.

⁽c) On March 15, 2024, Texas Solar Nova 1's financing agreement was amended to merge the facility-level debt of Texas Solar Nova 1 and Texas Solar Nova 2 as a combined term loan under TSN1 Class B Member LLC.

⁽d) Premiums relate to the 2028 Senior Notes.

The financing arrangements listed above contain certain covenants, including financial covenants that the Company is required to be in compliance with during the term of the respective arrangement. As of June 30, 2024, the Company was in compliance with all of the required covenants.

The discussion below describes material changes to or additions of long-term debt for the six months ended June 30, 2024.

Clearway Energy LLC and Clearway Energy Operating LLC Revolving Credit Facility

As of June 30, 2024, the Company had no outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility and \$205 million in letters of credit outstanding.

Facility-level Debt

Natural Gas Holdco LC Facility

On July 25, 2024, the Company, through its indirect subsidiary, Natural Gas Holdco, entered into a financing agreement that provides for a \$200 million letter of credit facility, which will be utilized to support the collateral needs of the Company's merchant conventional facilities. The letter of credit facility has an initial term of three years and the option for two additional one-year extensions.

Rosamond Central (Rosie Class B LLC)

On June 13, 2024, when the Rosamond Central BESS facility reached substantial completion, the Company paid \$279 million to Clearway Renew as additional purchase price to complete its acquisition of the facility, which occurred on December 1, 2023. The Company's entire additional purchase price was recorded as an adjustment to CEG's noncontrolling interest balance. The additional purchase price consisted of \$64 million that was funded by the Company from existing sources of liquidity and \$215 million funded through contributions from the cash equity investor in Rosie TargetCo LLC and the tax equity investor in Rosie TE Holdco LLC. Clearway Renew utilized the proceeds to repay the balance of \$184 million on the loan previously issued to its consolidated subsidiary by Rosie Class B LLC and to redeem Rosie Class B LLC's entire equity investment in Rosie Central BESS of \$28 million, as further discussed in Note 4, *Investments Accounted for by the Equity Method and Variable Interest Entities*. The Company utilized proceeds from Clearway Renew, along with \$39 million held previously in escrow and \$56 million of the Company's additional purchase price that was contributed back by CEG, to repay the \$186 million tax equity bridge loan, to distribute \$44 million to the cash equity investor, to fund \$21 million in construction completion reserves, which is included in restricted cash on the Company's consolidated balance sheet, and to pay \$11 million in associated fees.

Additionally, on June 13, 2024, the outstanding construction loans were converted to a term loan in the amount of \$115 million.

NIMH Solar

On June 11, 2024, NIMH Solar LLC refinanced its amended and restated credit agreement, which was scheduled to mature in September 2024, resulting in the issuance of a \$137 million term loan facility, as well as \$17 million in letters of credit in support of debt service and facility obligations. The obligations under the new financing arrangement are supported by the Company's interests in the Alpine, Blythe and Roadrunner solar facilities. The Company utilized the proceeds from the term loan and existing sources of liquidity to pay off the existing debt in the amount of \$146 million.

Victory Pass and Arica

On May 1, 2024, when the Victory Pass and Arica solar and BESS facilities reached substantial completion, the Company paid \$165 million to Clearway Renew as additional purchase price, in connection with the Company's acquisition of the Class A membership interests in VP-Arica TargetCo LLC on October 31, 2023, which was funded with existing sources of liquidity. The Company's entire additional purchase price was recorded as an adjustment to CEG's noncontrolling interest balance. Also on May 1, 2024, the cash equity investor contributed an additional \$410 million and CEG contributed \$52 million, which were utilized, along with \$103 million held previously in escrow, to repay the \$351 million cash equity bridge loan, to repay the \$468 million tax equity bridge loan, to fund \$75 million in construction completion reserves, which is included in restricted cash on the Company's consolidated balance sheet, and to pay \$18 million in associated fees. Prior to the repayment of the tax equity bridge loan, the Company borrowed an additional \$62 million in 2024.

Cedar Creek

On April 16, 2024, as part of the acquisition of Cedar Creek, as further described in Note 3, *Acquisitions*, the Company assumed the facility's financing agreement, which included a \$112 million construction loan, a \$91 million cash equity bridge loan and a \$109 million tax equity bridge loan, offset by \$3 million in unamortized debt issuance costs. At acquisition date, the tax equity investor contributed \$108 million, which was utilized, along with the Company's entire purchase price that was contributed back by CEG, to repay the tax equity bridge loan, to repay the cash equity bridge loan, to partially repay \$2 million in construction loans, to fund \$16 million in construction completion reserves, which is included in restricted cash on the Company's consolidated balance sheet, and to pay \$6 million in associated fees. Also at acquisition date, the outstanding construction loans were converted to a term loan in the amount of \$110 million.

Texas Solar Nova 1 and Texas Solar Nova 2

On March 15, 2024, as part of the acquisition of Texas Solar Nova 2, as further described in Note 3, *Acquisitions*, the Company assumed the facility's financing agreement, which included an \$80 million term loan and a \$115 million tax equity bridge loan, offset by \$1 million in unamortized debt issuance costs. At acquisition date, the tax equity investor contributed \$130 million, which was utilized, along with \$9 million of the Company's purchase price that was contributed back by CEG, to repay the \$115 million tax equity bridge loan, to fund \$19 million in construction completion reserves, which is included in restricted cash on the Company's consolidated balance sheet, and to pay \$4 million in associated fees.

Additionally, on March 15, 2024, Texas Solar Nova 1's financing agreement was amended to merge the Texas Solar Nova 1 and Texas Solar Nova 2 term loans as a combined term loan under TSN1 Class B Member LLC.

Note 8 — Segment Reporting

The Company's segment structure reflects how management currently operates and allocates resources. The Company's businesses are segregated based on conventional power generation and renewable businesses, which consist of solar, wind and battery energy storage system, or BESS, facilities. The Corporate segment reflects the Company's corporate costs and includes eliminating entries. The Company's chief operating decision maker, its Chief Executive Officer, evaluates the performance of its segments based on operational measures including adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or Adjusted EBITDA, and CAFD, as well as net income (loss).

	Three months ended June 30, 2024							
(In millions)		Conventional Generation		Renewables		Corporate (a)		Total
Operating revenues	\$	69	\$	297	\$	_	\$	366
Cost of operations, exclusive of depreciation, amortization and accretion shown separately below		26		91		_		117
Depreciation, amortization and accretion		27		126		_		153
General and administrative		_		_		8		8
Transaction and integration costs		_		_		3		3
Operating income (loss)		16		80		(11)		85
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates		_		8		_		8
Other income, net		2		7		3		12
Loss on debt extinguishment		_		(2)		_		(2)
Interest expense		(9)		(55)		(24)		(88)
Net Income (Loss)	\$	9	\$	38	\$	(32)	\$	15
Total Assets	\$	2,021	\$	12,431	\$	49	\$	14,501

⁽a) Includes eliminations.

Three	months	ended	Inne	30	2023
I III ree	IIIOIIIIIS	enueu	June	JU.	2023

(In millions)	Conventional Generation	Renewables	Corporate ^(a)	Total
Operating revenues	\$ 115	\$ 291	\$ _	\$ 406
Cost of operations, exclusive of depreciation, amortization and accretion shown separately below	40	79	(1)	118
Depreciation, amortization and accretion	32	96	_	128
General and administrative	_	_	9	9
Transaction and integration costs	_	_	2	2
Operating income (loss)	43	116	(10)	149
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	1	2	_	3
Other income, net	1	3	5	9
Interest expense	(8)	(23)	(24)	(55)
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 37	\$ 98	\$ (29)	\$ 106

⁽a) Includes eliminations.

Six months ended June 30, 2024

	SIX Months chaca dune 50, 2021							
(In millions)		Conventional Generation		Renewables		Corporate (a)		Total
Operating revenues	\$	164	\$	465	\$	_	\$	629
Cost of operations, exclusive of depreciation, amortization and accretion shown separately below		68		176		(1)		243
Depreciation, amortization and accretion		59		248				307
General and administrative		_		_		19		19
Transaction and integration costs		_		_		4		4
Operating income (loss)		37		41		(22)		56
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates		1		19		_		20
Other income, net		3		17		8		28
Loss on debt extinguishment		_		(3)		_		(3)
Interest expense		(16)		(80)		(49)		(145)
Net Income (Loss)	\$	25	\$	(6)	\$	(63)	\$	(44)

⁽a) Includes eliminations.

Six months ended June 30, 2023

		Renewables	Corporate (a)	Total	
\$	210	\$ 484	\$	\$ 694	
	69	158	(1)	226	
	65	191	_	256	
	_	_	19	19	
	_	_	2	2	
	76	135	(20)	191	
	2	(2)	_	_	
	2	4	11	17	
	(19)	(87)	(48)	(154)	
\$	61	\$ 50	\$ (57)	\$ 54	
		69 65 — 76 2 2 (19)	Conventional Generation Renewables \$ 210 \$ 484 69 158 65 191 — — 76 135 2 (2) 2 4 (19) (87)	Conventional Generation Renewables Corporate (a) \$ 210 \$ 484 \$ — 69 158 (1) 65 191 — 9 19 — 19 — 2 76 135 (20) 2 (2) — 2 4 11 (19) (87) (48)	

⁽a) Includes eliminations.

Note 9 — Related Party Transactions

In addition to the transactions and relationships described elsewhere in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, certain subsidiaries of CEG provide services to the Company and its subsidiaries. Amounts due to CEG subsidiaries are recorded as accounts payable — affiliates and amounts due to the Company from CEG subsidiaries are recorded as accounts receivable — affiliates in the Company's consolidated balance sheets. The disclosures below summarize the Company's material related party transactions with CEG and its subsidiaries that are included in the Company's operating costs.

O&M Services Agreements by and between the Company and Clearway Renewable Operation & Maintenance LLC

Various subsidiaries of the Company in the Renewables segment are party to services agreements with Clearway Renewable Operation & Maintenance LLC, or RENOM, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CEG, which provides operation and maintenance, or O&M, services to these subsidiaries. The Company incurred total expenses for these services of \$18 million and \$19 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The Company incurred total expenses for these services of \$37 million and \$36 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. There was a balance of \$8 million and \$13 million due to RENOM as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

Administrative Services Agreements by and between the Company and CEG

Various subsidiaries of the Company are parties to services agreements with Clearway Asset Services LLC and Solar Asset Management LLC, two wholly-owned subsidiaries of CEG, which provide various administrative services to the Company's subsidiaries. The Company incurred expenses under these agreements of \$6 million for each of the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. The Company incurred expenses under these agreements of \$12 million and \$10 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. There was a balance of \$3 million and \$2 million due to CEG as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

CEG Master Services Agreement

The Company is a party to the CEG Master Services Agreement, pursuant to which CEG and certain of its affiliates or third-party service providers provide certain services to the Company, including operational and administrative services, which include human resources, information systems, cybersecurity, external affairs, accounting, procurement and risk management services, and the Company provides certain services to CEG, including accounting, internal audit, tax and treasury services, in exchange for the payment of fees in respect of such services. The Company incurred net expenses under these agreements of \$2 million for each of the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. The Company incurred net expenses under these agreements of \$3 million for each of the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

On April 30, 2024, the CEG Master Services Agreement was amended and restated as a result of a reorganization effected by the Company pursuant to which all of the employees and operations of the Company will transfer to CEG as of January 1, 2025. Under the amended and restated agreement, CEG and certain of its affiliates or third-party service providers will continue to provide the operational and administrative services outlined above, and, effective January 1, 2025, CEG will also provide accounting, internal audit, tax, legal and treasury services, in exchange for payment of fees in respect of such services. Certain independent functions will be directed by the Company's Governance, Conflicts and Nominating Committee and paid for by the Company, while being administered by CEG.

ITEM 2 — Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and the Results of Operations

The following discussion analyzes the Company's historical financial condition and results of operations.

As you read this discussion and analysis, refer to the Company's consolidated financial statements to this Form 10-Q, which present the results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. Also refer to the Company's 2023 Form 10-K, which includes detailed discussions of various items impacting the Company's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The discussion and analysis below has been organized as follows:

- Executive Summary, including a description of the business and significant events that are important to understanding the results of operations and financial condition;
- Results of operations, including an explanation of significant differences between the periods in the specific line items of the consolidated statements of income;
- Financial condition addressing liquidity position, sources and uses of cash, capital resources and requirements, commitments and off-balance sheet arrangements;
- · Known trends that may affect the Company's results of operations and financial condition in the future; and
- Critical accounting policies which are most important to both the portrayal of the Company's financial condition and results of operations, and which require management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgment.

Executive Summary

Introduction and Overview

Clearway Energy LLC, together with its consolidated subsidiaries, or the Company, is an energy infrastructure investor with a focus on investments in clean energy and owner of modern, sustainable and long-term contracted assets across North America. The Company is sponsored by GIP and TotalEnergies through the portfolio company, Clearway Energy Group LLC, or CEG, which is equally owned by GIP and TotalEnergies. GIP is an independent infrastructure fund manager that makes equity and debt investments in infrastructure assets and businesses. TotalEnergies is a global multi-energy company. CEG is a leading developer of renewable energy infrastructure in the U.S. On January 12, 2024, BlackRock entered into a definitive agreement to acquire 100% of the business and assets of GIM, which is the investment manager of the GIP funds that own an interest in CEG. BlackRock has indicated that the transaction is expected to close in the third quarter of 2024, subject to regulatory approvals and other customary closing conditions. BlackRock is a publicly-traded global investment management firm.

The Company is one of the largest renewable energy owners in the U.S. with approximately 6,500 net MW of installed wind, solar and battery energy storage system, or BESS, facilities. The Company's approximately 9,000 net MW of assets also includes approximately 2,500 net MW of environmentally-sound, highly efficient natural gas-fired generation facilities. Through this environmentally-sound, diversified and primarily contracted portfolio, the Company endeavors to increase distributions to its unit holders. The majority of the Company's revenues are derived from long-term contractual arrangements for the output or capacity from these assets. The weighted average remaining contract duration of these offtake agreements was approximately 10 years as of June 30, 2024 based on CAFD.

As of June 30, 2024, the Company's operating assets are comprised of the following facilities:

Facilities	Percentage Ownership	Net Capacity (MW) (a)	Counterparty	Expiration
Conventional				
Carlsbad	100 %	527	San Diego Gas & Electric	2038
El Segundo	100 %	550	SCE	2026 - 2027
GenConn Devon	50 %	95	Connecticut Light & Power	2040
GenConn Middletown	50 %	95	Connecticut Light & Power	2041
Marsh Landing	100 %	720	Various	2026 - 2030
Walnut Creek	100 %	502	Various	2026-2027
Total Conventional		2,489		
Utility Scale Solar				
Agua Caliente	51 %	148	PG&E	2039
Alpine	100 %	66	PG&E	2033
Arica (b)	40 %	105	Various	2039
Avenal	50 %	23	PG&E	2031
Avra Valley	100 %	27	Tucson Electric Power	2032
Blythe	100 %	21	SCE	2029
Borrego	100 %	26	San Diego Gas and Electric	2038
Buckthorn Solar (b)	100 %	150	City of Georgetown, TX	2043
CVSR	100 %	250	PG&E	2038
Daggett 2 (b)	25 %	46	Various	2038
Daggett 3 (b)	25 %	75	Various	2033 - 2038
Desert Sunlight 250	25 %	63	SCE	2034
Desert Sunlight 300	25 %	75	PG&E	2039
Kansas South	100 %	20	PG&E	2033
Mililani I ^(b)	50 %	20	Hawaiian Electric Company	2042
Oahu Solar ^(b)	100 %	61	Hawaiian Electric Company	2041
Roadrunner	100 %	20	El Paso Electric	2031
Rosamond Central (b)	50 %	96	Various	2035 - 2047
TA High Desert	100 %	20	SCE	2033

Facilities	Percentage Ownership	Net Capacity (MW) (a)	Counterparty	Expiration
Texas Solar Nova 1 (b)	50 %	126	Verizon	2042
Texas Solar Nova 2 (b)	50 %	100	Verizon	2042
Utah Solar Portfolio	100 %	530	PacifiCorp	2036
Victory Pass (b)	40 %	80	Various	2039
Waiawa ^(b)	50 %	18	Hawaiian Electric Company	2043
Total Utility Scale Solar		2,166		
BESS				
Arica (b)	40 %	54	Various	2039
Daggett 2 (b)	25 %	33	Various	2038
Daggett 3 (b)	25 %	37	Various	2033 - 2038
Mililani I ^(b)	50 %	20	Hawaiian Electric Company	2042
Rosamond Central (b)	50 %	74	SCE	2039
Victory Pass (b)	40 %	20	Various	2039
Waiawa ^(b)	50 %	18	Hawaiian Electric Company	2043
Total BESS		256		
Distributed Solar				
DGPV Funds (b)	100 %	286	Various	2030 - 2044
Solar Power Partners (SPP)	100 %	25	Various	2026 - 2037
Other DG Facilities	100 %	21	Various	2025 - 2039
Total Distributed Solar		332		
Wind				
Alta I	100 %	150	SCE	2035
Alta II	100 %	150	SCE	2035
Alta III	100 %	150	SCE	2035
Alta IV	100 %	102	SCE	2035
Alta V	100 %	168	SCE	2035
Alta X	100 %	137	SCE	2038
Alta XI	100 %	90	SCE	2038
Black Rock (b)	50 %	58	Toyota and AEP	2036
Broken Bow	100 %	80	Nebraska Public Power District	2032
Buffalo Bear	100 %	19	Western Farmers Electric Co-operative	2033
Cedar Creek (b)	100 %	160	PacifiCorp	2049
Cedro Hill	100 %	150	CPS Energy	2030
Crofton Bluffs	100 %	42	Nebraska Public Power District	2032
Elbow Creek (b)	100 %	122	Various	2029
Elkhorn Ridge	66.7 %	54	Nebraska Public Power District	2029
Forward	100 %	29	Constellation NewEnergy, Inc.	2025
Goat Wind	100 %	150	Dow Pipeline Company	2025
Langford (b)	100 %	160	Goldman Sachs	2033
Laredo Ridge	100 %	81	Nebraska Public Power District	2031
Lookout	100 %	38	Southern Maryland Electric Cooperative	2030
Mesquite Sky (b)	50 %	170	Various	2033 - 2036
Mesquite Star (b)	50 %	210	Various	2032 - 2035
Mountain Wind 1	100 %	61	PacifiCorp	2033
Mountain Wind 2	100 %	80	PacifiCorp	2033
Mt. Storm	100 %	264	Citigroup	2031
Ocotillo	100 %	55	N/A	

Facilities	Percentage Ownership	Net Capacity (MW) ^(a)	Counterparty	Expiration
Pinnacle (b)	100 %	54	Maryland Department of General Services and University System of Maryland	2031
Rattlesnake (b) (c)	100 %	160	Avista Corporation	2040
San Juan Mesa	75 %	90	Southwestern Public Service Company	2025
Sleeping Bear	100 %	95	Public Service Company of Oklahoma	2032
South Trent	100 %	101	AEP Energy Partners	2029
Spanish Fork	100 %	19	PacifiCorp	2028
Spring Canyon II (b)	90.1 %	31	Platte River Power Authority	2039
Spring Canyon III (b)	90.1 %	26	Platte River Power Authority	2039
Taloga	100 %	130	Oklahoma Gas & Electric	2031
Wildorado (b)	100 %	161	Southwestern Public Service Company	2027
Total Wind		3,797		
Total net generation capacity		9,040		

⁽a) Net capacity represents the maximum, or rated, generating or storage capacity of the facility multiplied by the Company's percentage ownership in the facility as of June 30, 2024.

⁽b) Facilities are part of tax equity arrangements, as further described in Note 4, Investments Accounted for by the Equity Method and Variable Interest Entities.

⁽c) Rattlesnake has a deliverable capacity of 144 MW.

Significant Events

Drop Down Transactions

- On June 27, 2024, the Company, through an indirect subsidiary, entered into an agreement with Clearway Renew to acquire the Class A
 membership interests in Luna Valley, a 200 MW solar facility currently under construction in Fresno County, California, and Daggett 1, a 114 MW
 BESS facility currently under construction in San Bernardino, California, for \$143 million in cash consideration, subject to closing adjustments.
 The consummation of the transaction is subject to customary closing conditions and certain third-party approvals and is expected in the second
 half of 2025.
- On May 7, 2024, the Company, through an indirect subsidiary, entered into an agreement with Clearway Renew to acquire the Class A membership interests in Rosamond South I, a 140 MW solar facility that will be paired with a 117 MW BESS facility currently under construction in Rosamond, California, for \$21 million in cash consideration, subject to closing adjustments. The consummation of the transaction is subject to customary closing conditions and certain third-party approvals and is expected in the first half of 2025.
- On May 3, 2024, the Company, through an indirect subsidiary, entered into an agreement with Clearway Renew to acquire the Class A membership interests in Dan's Mountain, a 55 MW wind facility currently under construction in Allegany County, Maryland, for \$44 million in cash consideration, subject to closing adjustments. The consummation of the transaction is subject to customary closing conditions and certain third-party approvals and is expected in the first half of 2025.
- On April 16, 2024, the Company, through its indirect subsidiary, Cedar Creek Wind Holdco LLC, acquired Cedar Creek Holdco LLC, the indirect owner of Cedar Creek, a 160 MW wind facility that is located in Bingham County, Idaho, from Clearway Renew for cash consideration of \$117 million. Cedar Creek Holdco LLC consolidates as primary beneficiary, Cedar Creek TE Holdco LLC, a tax equity fund that owns the Cedar Creek wind facility. See Note 3, Acquisitions, for further discussion of the transaction.
- On March 15, 2024, the Company, through its indirect subsidiary, TSN1 TE Holdco LLC, acquired Texas Solar Nova 2, a 200 MW solar facility that is located in Kent County, Texas, from Clearway Renew for cash consideration of \$112 million, \$17 million of which was funded by the Company with the remaining \$95 million funded through a contribution from the cash equity investor in Lighthouse Renewable Holdco 2 LLC, which is a partnership. Lighthouse Renewable Holdco 2 LLC indirectly consolidates as primary beneficiary, TSN1 TE Holdco LLC, a tax equity fund that owns Texas Solar Nova 1 and Texas Solar Nova 2. See Note 3, *Acquisitions*, for further discussion of the transaction.

RA Agreements

- On May 6, 2024, the Company contracted with a load serving entity to sell approximately 97 MW of Walnut Creek's RA commencing in January 2027 and ending in December 2027. Walnut Creek is contracted for 100% of its capacity through 2026 and is now contracted for approximately 20% of its capacity through 2027.
- On March 28, 2024, the Company contracted with a load serving entity to sell approximately 90 MW of Marsh Landing's RA commencing in September 2026 and ending in December 2030. On July 31, 2024, the Company contracted with an additional load serving entity to sell approximately 195 MW of Marsh Landing's RA commencing in October 2026 and ending in December 2028. Marsh Landing is now contracted for approximately 99% of its capacity through 2027 and approximately 49% of its capacity through 2028.

Facility-level Financing Activities

- In connection with the 2024 Drop Downs of Texas Solar Nova 2 and Cedar Creek, the Company assumed non-recourse facility-level debt. See Note 7, *Long-term Debt*, for further discussion of the non-recourse facility-level debt associated with each facility.
- On July 25, 2024, the Company, through its indirect subsidiary, Natural Gas Holdco, entered into a financing agreement that provides for a \$200 million letter of credit facility, which will be utilized to support the collateral needs of the Company's merchant conventional facilities and will free up capacity on the Company's corporate revolving credit facility. See Note 7, *Long-term Debt*, for further discussion of the letter of credit facility.

- On June 13, 2024, when the Rosamond Central BESS facility reached substantial completion, the Company paid \$279 million to Clearway Renew as additional purchase price to complete its acquisition of the facility, which occurred on December 1, 2023. The additional purchase price consisted of \$64 million that was funded by the Company from existing sources of liquidity and \$215 million funded through contributions from third-party investors. Clearway Renew utilized the proceeds to repay the loan that was previously issued to its consolidated subsidiary by Rosie Class B LLC and to redeem Rosie Class B LLC's entire equity investment in Rosie Central BESS. The Company utilized proceeds from Clearway Renew, along with \$39 million held previously in escrow and \$56 million of the Company's additional purchase price contributed back by CEG, to repay the tax equity bridge loan, to make a distribution to the cash equity investor, to fund construction completion reserves and to pay associated fees. See Note 4, *Investments Accounted for by the Equity Method and Variable Interest Entities*, and Note 7, *Long-term Debt*, for further discussion of the transactions.
- On June 11, 2024, NIMH Solar LLC refinanced its amended and restated credit agreement, which was scheduled to mature in September 2024, resulting in the issuance of a \$137 million term loan facility, as well as \$17 million in letters of credit in support of debt service and facility obligations. The Company utilized the proceeds from the term loan and existing sources of liquidity to pay off the existing debt. See Note 7, Long-term Debt, for further discussion of the refinanced credit agreement.
- On May 1, 2024, when the Victory Pass and Arica solar and BESS facilities reached substantial completion, the Company paid \$165 million to Clearway Renew as additional purchase price, in connection with the Company's acquisition of the Class A membership interests in VP-Arica TargetCo LLC on October 31, 2023. Also on May 1, 2024, the cash equity investor contributed an additional \$347 million, the tax equity investor contributed an additional \$410 million and CEG contributed \$52 million, which were utilized, along with \$103 million held previously in escrow, to repay the cash equity bridge loan, to repay the tax equity bridge loan, to fund construction completion reserves and to pay associated fees. See Note 7, Long-term Debt, for further discussion of the transactions.

Environmental Matters

The Company is subject to a wide range of environmental laws during the development, construction, ownership and operation of facilities. These existing and future laws generally require that governmental permits and approvals be obtained before construction and maintained during operation of facilities. The Company is obligated to comply with all environmental laws and regulations applicable within each jurisdiction and required to implement environmental programs and procedures to monitor and control risks associated with the construction, operation and decommissioning of regulated or permitted energy assets. Federal and state environmental laws have historically become more stringent over time, although this trend could change in the future.

The Company's environmental matters are further described in the Company's 2023 Form 10-K in Item 1, *Business — Environmental Matters* and Item 1A, *Risk Factors*.

Regulatory Matters

The following disclosures about the Company's regulatory matters provide an update to, and should be read in conjunction with, Item 1, *Business*—

Regulatory Matters and Item 1A, Risk Factors, of the Company's 2023 Form 10-K.

On March 6, 2024, the SEC adopted a new set of rules that require a wide range of climate-related disclosures, including material climate-related risks, information on any climate-related targets or goals that are material to the registrant's business, results of operations or financial condition, Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions on a phased-in basis by certain larger registrants when those emissions are material and the filing of an attestation report covering the same, and disclosure of the financial statement effects of severe weather events and other natural conditions including costs and losses. Compliance dates under the final rule are phased in by registrant category. Multiple lawsuits have been filed challenging the SEC's new climate rules, which have been consolidated and will be heard in the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit. On April 4, 2024, the SEC issued an order staying the final rules until judicial review is complete.

Consolidated Results of Operations

The following table provides selected financial information:

(In millions)		Three months ended June 30,					Six months ended June 30,				
		2024	2023			Change	 2024		2023		Change
Operating Revenues											
Energy and capacity revenues	\$	424	\$	379	\$	45	\$ 739	\$	683	\$	56
Other revenues		30		48		(18)	46		60		(14)
Contract amortization		(46)		(47)		1	(92)		(94)		2
Mark-to-market for economic hedges		(42)		26		(68)	(64)		45		(109)
Total operating revenues		366		406		(40)	629		694		(65)
Operating Costs and Expenses											
Cost of fuels		2		16		(14)	16		16		_
Operations and maintenance		86		76		10	169		159		10
Mark-to-market for economic hedges		1		_		1	3		_		3
Other costs of operations		28		26		2	55		51		4
Depreciation, amortization and accretion		153		128		25	307		256		51
General and administrative		8		9		(1)	19		19		_
Transaction and integration costs		3		2		1	4		2		2
Total operating costs and expenses		281		257		24	573		503		70
Operating Income		85		149		(64)	56		191		(135)
Other Income (Expense)											
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates		8		3		5	20		_		20
Other income, net		12		9		3	28		17		11
Loss on debt extinguishment		(2)		_		(2)	(3)		_		(3)
Derivative interest income		1		22		(21)	24		1		23
Other interest expense		(89)		(77)		(12)	(169)		(155)		(14)
Total other expense, net		(70)		(43)		(27)	(100)		(137)		37
Net Income (Loss)		15		106		(91)	(44)		54		(98)
Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests		(92)		_		(92)	(125)		(30)		(95)
Net Income Attributable to Clearway Energy LLC	\$	107	\$	106	\$	1	\$ 81	\$	84	\$	(3)

	Three months end	ded June 30,	Six months ended	led June 30,	
Business metrics:	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Solar MWh generated/sold (in thousands) (a)	2,613	1,544	4,056	2,410	
Wind MWh generated/sold (in thousands) (a)	2,947	2,433	5,466	5,177	
Renewables MWh generated/sold (in thousands) (a)	5,560	3,977	9,522	7,587	
Solar weighted-average capacity factor (b)	36.1 %	34.4 %	28.6 %	27.2 %	
Wind weighted-average capacity factor (c)	34.8 %	29.0 %	32.9 %	31.3 %	
Conventional MWh generated (in thousands)	75	139	250	227	
Conventional equivalent availability factor	97.1 %	90.1 %	91.7 %	82.3 %	

⁽a) Volumes do not include the MWh generated/sold by the Company's equity method investments.
(b) Typical average capacity factors for solar facilities is 25%. The weighted-average capacity factors can vary based on seasonality and weather.
(c) Typical average capacity factors for wind facilities is 25-45%. The weighted-average capacity factors can vary based on seasonality and weather.

Management's Discussion of the Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Operating Revenues

Operating revenues decreased by \$40 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to the same period in 2023, due to a combination of the drivers summarized in the table below:

		(In millions)
Conventional Segment	Decrease primarily driven by lower prices for capacity revenue due to the expiration of PPAs and commencement of RA capacity revenue at the Walnut Creek and Marsh Landing facilities during the second quarter of 2023 and the El Segundo facility during the third quarter of 2023.	(28)
	Decrease driven by the sales-type lease revenue recognition of the Marsh Landing Black Start addition recognized in the second quarter of 2023.	(21)
	Increase primarily driven by higher energy revenue due to the commencement of merchant operations following the expiration of PPAs at the Walnut Creek, Marsh Landing and El Segundo facilities during 2023.	7
Renewables Segment	Increase primarily driven by the Daggett 2, Daggett 3, Victory Pass and Arica solar and BESS acquisitions, which reached commercial operations in December 2023, July 2023, March 2024 and April 2024, respectively, and the acquisition of Texas Solar Nova 1 and Texas Solar Nova 2 in December 2023 and March 2024, respectively.	38
	Increase primarily driven by higher wind production at the Alta wind facilities.	26
	Increase driven by the acquisition of the Cedar Creek wind facility in April 2024.	5
Contract amortization	Driven by the Walnut Creek PPA, which was fully amortized during the second quarter of 2023.	1
Mark-to-market economic hedging activities	Decrease driven by increases in forward power prices in the ERCOT and PJM markets.	(63)
	Decrease due to heat rate call option contracts entered into by El Segundo, Marsh Landing and Walnut Creek during the fourth quarter of 2023.	(5)
	\$	(40)

Cost of Fuels

Cost of fuels decreased by \$14 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to the same period in 2023, primarily due to the associated costs of the sales-type lease recognition of the Marsh Landing Black Start addition during the second quarter of 2023.

Operations and Maintenance

Operations and maintenance expense increased by \$10 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to the same period in 2023, primarily due to solar and BESS acquisitions.

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased by \$33 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to the same period in 2023, primarily due to the following:

	(In m	illions)
Change in fair value of interest rate swaps due to changes in interest rates	\$	21
Increase in interest expense due to an increase in principal balances for the Renewables segment primarily due to solar and BESS acquisitions		13
Other		(1)
	\$	33

Net Loss Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests and Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

For the three months ended June 30, 2024, the Company had a net loss of \$92 million attributable to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests comprised of the following:

	(In	millions)
Losses attributable to tax equity financing arrangements and the application of the HLBV method (primarily due to VP-Arica TE		
Holdco LLC HLBV losses)	\$	(153)
Income attributable to third-party partnerships (primarily due to VP-Arica TE Holdco LLC HLBV losses)		61
	\$	(92)

For the three months ended June 30, 2023, net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests was comprised of the following:

	(In m	illions)
Income attributable to third-party partnerships	\$	11
Losses attributable to tax equity financing arrangements and the application of the HLBV method		(11)
	\$	_

Management's Discussion of the Results of Operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Operating Revenues

Operating revenues decreased by \$65 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to the same period in 2023, due to a combination of the drivers summarized in the table below:

		(In millions)
Conventional Segment	Decrease primarily driven by lower prices for capacity revenue due to the expiration of PPAs and commencement of RA capacity revenue at the Walnut Creek and Marsh Landing facilities during the second quarter of 2023 and the El Segundo facility during the third quarter of 2023.	(66)
	Decrease driven by the sales-type lease revenue recognition of the Marsh Landing Black Start addition during the second quarter of 2023.	(21)
	Increase primarily driven by higher energy revenue due to the commencement of merchant operations following the expiration of PPAs at the Walnut Creek, Marsh Landing and El Segundo facilities during 2023.	31
Renewables Segment	Increase driven by the Daggett 2, Daggett 3, Victory Pass and Arica solar and BESS acquisitions, which reached commercial operations in December 2023, July 2023, March 2024 and April 2024, respectively, and the acquisition of Texas Solar Nova 1 and Texas Solar Nova 2 in December 2023 and March 2024, respectively.	54
	Increase primarily driven by higher wind production at the Alta wind facilities.	39
	Increase driven by the acquisition of the Cedar Creek wind facility in April 2024.	5
Contract amortization	Driven by the Walnut Creek PPA, which was fully amortized during the second quarter of 2023.	2
Mark-to-market economic hedging activities	Decrease driven by increases in forward power prices in the ERCOT and PJM markets.	(117)
	Increase due to heat rate call option contracts entered into by El Segundo, Marsh Landing and Walnut Creek during the fourth quarter of 2023.	8
	\$	(65)

Operations and Maintenance

Operations and maintenance expense increased by \$10 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to the same period in 2023, primarily due to solar and BESS acquisitions.

Depreciation, Amortization and Accretion

Depreciation, amortization and accretion increased \$51 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to the same period in 2023, primarily due to the acquisitions of the Daggett 2, Daggett 3, Victory Pass and Arica solar and BESS facilities, as well as Texas Solar Nova 1 and Texas Solar Nova 2.

Equity in Earnings of Unconsolidated Affiliates

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates increased by \$20 million during six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to the same period in 2023, due to changes in the fair value of interest rate swaps, lower depreciation expense and higher wind production.

Interest Expense

Interest expense decreased by \$9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to the same period in 2023, primarily due to the following:

	(In r	nillions)
Change in fair value of interest rate swaps due to changes in interest rates	\$	(23)
Increase in interest expense due to an increase in principal balances for the Renewables segment primarily due to solar and BESS		
acquisitions		16
Other		(2)
	\$	(9)

Net Loss Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests and Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

For the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company had a net loss of \$125 million attributable to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests comprised of the following:

	(I	In millions)
Losses attributable to tax equity financing arrangements and the application of the HLBV method (primarily due to VP-Arica TE Holdco LLC, Daggett TE Holdco LLC and Daggett 2 TE Holdco LLC HLBV losses)	\$	(195)
Income attributable to third-party partnerships (primarily due to VP-Arica TE Holdco LLC, Daggett TE Holdco LLC and Daggett 2 TE Holdco LLC HLBV losses)		70
	\$	(125)

For the six months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had a net loss of \$30 million attributable to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests comprised of the following:

	(In r	nillions)
Losses attributable to tax equity financing arrangements and the application of the HLBV method	\$	(44)
Income attributable to third-party partnerships		14
	\$	(30)

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's principal liquidity requirements are to meet its financial commitments, finance current operations, fund capital expenditures, including acquisitions from time to time, service debt and pay distributions. As a normal part of the Company's business, depending on market conditions, the Company will from time to time consider opportunities to repay, redeem, repurchase or refinance its indebtedness. Changes in the Company's operating plans, lower than anticipated sales, increased expenses, acquisitions or other events may cause the Company to seek additional debt or equity financing in future periods. There can be no guarantee that financing will be available on acceptable terms or at all. Debt financing, if available, could impose additional cash payment obligations and additional covenants and operating restrictions.

Current Liquidity Position

As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company's liquidity was approximately \$1.07 billion and \$1.51 billion, respectively, comprised of cash, restricted cash and availability under the Company's revolving credit facility.

(In millions)	June 30, 2024		December 31, 2023
Cash and cash equivalents:			
Clearway Energy LLC, excluding subsidiaries	\$	35	\$ 410
Subsidiaries		191	125
Restricted cash:			
Operating accounts		169	176
Reserves, including debt service, distributions, performance obligations and other reserves		175	340
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		570	1,051
Revolving credit facility availability		495	454
Total liquidity	\$	1,065	\$ 1,505

The Company's liquidity includes \$344 million and \$516 million of restricted cash balances as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Restricted cash consists primarily of funds to satisfy the requirements of certain debt arrangements and funds held within the Company's facilities that are restricted in their use. As of June 30, 2024, these restricted funds were comprised of \$169 million designated to fund operating expenses, approximately \$42 million designated for current debt service payments and \$89 million restricted for reserves including debt service, performance obligations and other reserves, as well as capital expenditures. The remaining \$44 million is held in distribution reserve accounts.

Clearway Energy LLC and Clearway Energy Operating LLC Revolving Credit Facility

As of June 30, 2024, the Company had no outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility and \$205 million in letters of credit outstanding. The facility will continue to be used for general corporate purposes including financing of future acquisitions and posting letters of credit.

Management believes that the Company's liquidity position, cash flows from operations and availability under its revolving credit facility will be adequate to meet the Company's financial commitments; debt service obligations; growth, operating and maintenance capital expenditures; and to fund distributions to Clearway, Inc. and CEG. Management continues to regularly monitor the Company's ability to finance the needs of its operating, financing and investing activity within the dictates of prudent balance sheet management.

Credit Ratings

Credit rating agencies rate a firm's public debt securities. These ratings are utilized by the debt markets in evaluating a firm's credit risk. Ratings influence the price paid to issue new debt securities by indicating to the market the Company's ability to pay principal, interest and preferred dividends. Rating agencies evaluate a firm's industry, cash flow, leverage, liquidity and hedge profile, among other factors, in their credit analysis of a firm's credit risk. As of June 30, 2024, the Company's 2028 Senior Notes, 2031 Senior Notes and 2032 Senior Notes were rated BB by S&P and Ba2 by Moody's.

Sources of Liquidity

The Company's principal sources of liquidity include cash on hand, cash generated from operations, proceeds from sales of assets, borrowings under new and existing financing arrangements and the issuance of additional equity and debt securities by Clearway, Inc. or the Company as appropriate given market conditions. As described in Note 7, *Long-term Debt*, to this Form 10-Q and Item 15 — Note 10, *Long-term Debt*, to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2023 Form 10-K, the Company's financing arrangements consist of corporate level debt, which includes Senior Notes, intercompany borrowings with Clearway, Inc. and the revolving credit facility; the ATM Program; and facility-level financings for its various assets.

Natural Gas Holdco LC Facility

On July 25, 2024, the Company, through its indirect subsidiary, Natural Gas Holdco, entered into a financing agreement that provides for a \$200 million letter of credit facility, which will be utilized to support the collateral needs of the Company's merchant conventional facilities and will free up capacity on the Company's corporate revolving credit facility. The letter of credit facility has an initial term of three years and the option for two additional one-year extensions.

Uses of Liquidity

The Company's requirements for liquidity and capital resources, other than for operating its facilities, are categorized as: (i) debt service obligations, as described more fully in Note 7, *Long-term Debt*; (ii) capital expenditures; (iii) off-balance sheet arrangements; (iv) acquisitions and investments, as described more fully in Note 3, *Acquisitions* and Note 4, *Investments Accounted for by the Equity Method and Variable Interest Entities*; and (v) distributions.

Capital Expenditures

The Company's capital spending program is mainly focused on maintenance capital expenditures, consisting of costs to maintain the assets currently operating, such as costs to replace or refurbish assets during routine maintenance, and growth capital expenditures consisting of costs to construct new assets and costs to complete the construction of assets where construction is in process.

For the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company used approximately \$202 million to fund capital expenditures, including growth expenditures of \$198 million, primarily in the Renewables segment, funded through construction-related financing. Growth capital expenditures included \$103 million incurred in connection with the Victory Pass and Arica solar and BESS facilities, \$37 million incurred in connection with the Rosamond Central BESS facility, \$18 million incurred in connection with the Texas Solar Nova 1 and Texas Solar Nova 2 facilities, \$14 million incurred in connection with the Daggett 2 solar and BESS facility, \$11 million incurred in connection with the repowering of the Cedro Hill wind facility, \$8 million incurred in connection with the Daggett 3 solar and BESS facility and \$7 million incurred by other facilities. In addition, the Company incurred \$4 million in maintenance capital expenditures.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Obligations under Certain Guarantee Contracts

The Company may enter into guarantee arrangements in the normal course of business to facilitate commercial transactions with third parties.

Retained or Contingent Interests

The Company does not have any material retained or contingent interests in assets transferred to an unconsolidated entity.

Obligations Arising Out of a Variable Interest in an Unconsolidated Entity

Variable interest in equity investments — As of June 30, 2024, the Company has several investments with an ownership interest percentage of 50% or less. GenConn is a VIE for which the Company is not the primary beneficiary. The Company's pro-rata share of non-recourse debt held by unconsolidated affiliates was approximately \$295 million as of June 30, 2024. This indebtedness may restrict the ability of these subsidiaries to issue dividends or distributions to the Company.

Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

The Company has a variety of contractual obligations and other commercial commitments that represent prospective cash requirements in addition to the Company's capital expenditure programs, as disclosed in the Company's 2023 Form 10-K.

Acquisitions and Investments

The Company intends to acquire generation assets developed and constructed by CEG, as well as generation assets from third parties where the Company believes its knowledge of the market and operating expertise provides a competitive advantage, and to utilize such acquisitions as a means to grow its business.

Rosamond Central BESS Drop Down and Financing Activities — On June 13, 2024, when the Rosamond Central BESS facility reached substantial completion, the Company paid \$279 million to Clearway Renew as additional purchase price to complete its acquisition of the facility, which occurred on December 1, 2023. The additional purchase price consisted of \$64 million that was funded by the Company from existing sources of liquidity and \$215 million funded through contributions from third-party investors. Including the additional purchase price, the Company's total purchase price was \$349 million, \$80 million of which was funded by the Company with the remaining \$269 million funded through contributions from third-party investors. Clearway Renew utilized the additional proceeds to repay the balance of \$184 million on the loan previously issued to its consolidated subsidiary by Rosie Class B LLC and to redeem Rosie Class B LLC's entire equity investment in Rosie Central BESS of \$28 million. The Company utilized proceeds from Clearway Renew, along with \$39 million held previously in escrow and \$56 million of the Company's additional purchase price that was contributed back by CEG, to repay the tax equity bridge loan, to make a distribution to the cash equity investor, to fund construction completion reserves and to pay associated fees. Additionally, on June 13, 2024, the outstanding construction loans were converted to a term loan.

Victory Pass and Arica Drop Down — On May 1, 2024, when the Victory Pass and Arica solar and BESS facilities reached substantial completion, the Company paid \$165 million to Clearway Renew as additional purchase price, in connection with the Company's acquisition of the Class A membership interests in VP-Arica TargetCo LLC on October 31, 2023, which was funded with existing sources of liquidity. Also on May 1, 2024, the cash equity investor contributed an additional \$347 million, the tax equity investor contributed an additional \$410 million and CEG contributed \$52 million, which were utilized, along with \$103 million held previously in escrow, to repay the cash equity bridge loan, to repay the tax equity bridge loan, to fund construction completion reserves and to pay associated fees. Prior to the repayment of the tax equity bridge loan, the Company borrowed an additional \$62 million during 2024.

Cedar Creek Drop Down — On April 16, 2024, the Company, through its indirect subsidiary, Cedar Creek Wind Holdco LLC, acquired Cedar Creek Holdco LLC, the indirect owner of Cedar Creek, a 160 MW wind facility that is located in Bingham County, Idaho, from Clearway Renew for cash consideration of \$117 million. Cedar Creek Holdco LLC consolidates as primary beneficiary, Cedar Creek TE Holdco LLC, a tax equity fund that owns the Cedar Creek wind facility. Cedar Creek has a 25-year PPA with an investment-grade utility that commenced in March 2024. The acquisition was funded with existing sources of liquidity. Additionally, the Company assumed the facility's financing agreement, which included a construction loan that converted to a term loan at acquisition date along with a cash equity bridge loan and tax equity bridge loan that were both repaid at acquisition date.

Texas Solar Nova 2 Drop Down — On March 15, 2024, the Company, through its indirect subsidiary, TSN1 TE Holdco LLC, acquired Texas Solar Nova 2, a 200 MW solar facility that is located in Kent County, Texas, from Clearway Renew for cash consideration of \$112 million, \$17 million of which was funded by the Company with the remaining \$95 million funded through a contribution from the cash equity investor in Lighthouse Renewable Holdco 2 LLC, which is a partnership. Lighthouse Renewable Holdco 2 LLC indirectly consolidates as primary beneficiary, TSN1 TE Holdco LLC, a tax equity fund that owns Texas Solar Nova 1 and Texas Solar Nova 2. Texas Solar Nova 2 has an 18-year PPA with an investment-grade counterparty that commenced in February 2024. The Company's portion of the purchase price was funded with existing sources of liquidity. Additionally, the Company assumed the facility's financing agreement, which included a tax equity bridge loan that was repaid at acquisition date and a term loan.

Cash Distributions to Clearway, Inc. and CEG

The Company intends to distribute to its unit holders in the form of a quarterly distribution all of the CAFD it generates each quarter less reserves for the prudent conduct of the business, including among others, maintenance capital expenditures to maintain the operating capacity of the Company's assets. Distributions on the Company's units are subject to available capital, market conditions and compliance with associated laws, regulations and other contractual obligations. The Company expects that, based on current circumstances, comparable cash distributions will continue to be paid in the foreseeable future.

The following table lists the distributions paid on the Company's Class A, B, C and D units during the six months ended June 30, 2024:

	Sec	ond Quarter 2024	First Quarter 2024
Distributions per Class A, B, C and D unit	\$	0.4102	\$ 0.4033

On August 1, 2024, the Company declared a distribution on its Class A, Class B, Class C and Class D units of \$0.4171 per unit payable on September 16, 2024 to unit holders of record as of September 3, 2024.

Cash Flow Discussion

The following tables reflect the changes in cash flows for the comparative periods:

	Six months ended June 30,			
	 2024	2023		Change
		(In millions)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 279	\$ 235	\$	44
Net cash used in investing activities	(647)	(116)		(531)
Net cash used in financing activities	(113)	(197)		84

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

Changes to net cash provided by operating activities were driven by:	(In r	millions)
Increase in operating income after adjusting for non-cash items	\$	34
Increase from changes in working capital primarily driven by the timing of accounts receivable collections and payments of accoupayable	ints	6
Increase in distributions from unconsolidated affiliates		4
	\$	44

Net Cash Used in Investing Activities

Changes to net cash used in investing activities were driven by:	(In	millions)
Increase in cash paid for Drop Down Assets, net of cash acquired	\$	(664)
Increase in capital expenditures		(93)
Decrease in note receivable – affiliate in 2024		184
Increase in the return of investment from unconsolidated affiliates		25
Decrease in investments in unconsolidated affiliates		10
Other		7
	\$	(531)

Net Cash Used in Financing Activities

Changes in net cash used in financing activities were driven by:	(In	millions)
Increase in contributions from noncontrolling interests and CEG, net of distributions	\$	1,124
Decrease in tax-related distributions		44
Decrease in payments of debt issuance costs		4
Increase in payments for long-term debt, net of an increase in proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		(1,078)
Increase in distributions paid to unit holders		(11)
Other		1
	\$	84

Fair Value of Derivative Instruments

The Company may enter into energy-related commodity contracts to mitigate variability in earnings due to fluctuations in spot market prices. In addition, in order to mitigate interest rate risk associated with the issuance of variable rate debt, the Company enters into interest rate swap agreements.

The tables below disclose the activities of non-exchange traded contracts accounted for at fair value in accordance with ASC 820. Specifically, these tables disaggregate realized and unrealized changes in fair value; disaggregate estimated fair values at June 30, 2024, based on their level within the fair value hierarchy defined in ASC 820; and indicate the maturities of contracts at June 30, 2024. For a full discussion of the Company's valuation methodology of its contracts, see *Derivative Fair Value Measurements* in Note 5, *Fair Value of Financial Instruments*.

Derivative Activity (Losses) Gains	(In r	millions)
Fair value of contracts as of December 31, 2023	\$	(209)
Contracts realized or otherwise settled during the period		(16)
Changes in fair value		(2)
Fair value of contracts as of June 30, 2024	\$	(227)

	Fair value of contracts as of June 30, 2024									
	Maturity									
Fair Value Hierarchy (Losses) Gains	1 Year or Less	5	Greater T 1 Year to 3			eater Than ars to 5 Years	(Greater Than 5 Years		Total Fair Value
					(I	n millions)				
Level 2	\$	17	\$	35	\$	74	\$	7	\$	163
Level 3	(5	55)	((117)		(102)		(116)		(390)
Total	\$ ((8)	\$	(82)	\$	(28)	\$	(109)	\$	(227)

The Company has elected to disclose derivative assets and liabilities on a trade-by-trade basis and does not offset amounts at the counterparty master agreement level.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The Company's discussion and analysis of the financial condition and results of operations are based upon the consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements and related disclosures in compliance with GAAP requires the application of appropriate technical accounting rules and guidance, as well as the use of estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. The application of these policies necessarily involves judgments regarding future events, including the likelihood of success of particular facilities, legal and regulatory challenges and the fair value of certain assets and liabilities. These judgments, in and of themselves, could materially affect the financial statements and disclosures based on varying assumptions, which may be appropriate to use. In addition, the financial and operating environment may also have a significant effect, not only on the operation of the business, but on the results reported through the application of accounting measures used in preparing the financial statements and related disclosures, even if the nature of the accounting policies has not changed.

On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates these estimates, utilizing historic experience, consultation with experts and other methods the Company considers reasonable. Actual results may differ substantially from the Company's estimates. Any effects on the Company's business, financial position or results of operations resulting from revisions to these estimates are recorded in the period in which the information that gives rise to the revision becomes known.

The Company identifies its most critical accounting policies as those that are the most pervasive and important to the portrayal of the Company's financial position and results of operations, and that require the most difficult, subjective and/or complex judgments by management regarding estimates about matters that are inherently uncertain. The Company's critical accounting policies include income taxes and valuation allowance for deferred tax assets, accounting utilizing HLBV, acquisition accounting and determining the fair value of financial instruments.

Recent Accounting Developments

See Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, for a discussion of recent accounting developments.

ITEM 3 — Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company is exposed to several market risks in its normal business activities. Market risk is the potential loss that may result from market changes associated with the Company's power generation or with an existing or forecasted financial or commodity transaction. The types of market risks the Company is exposed to are commodity price risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The following disclosures about market risk provide an update to, and should be read in conjunction with, Item 7A — *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk*, of the Company's 2023 Form 10-K.

Commodity Price Risk

Commodity price risks result from exposures to changes in spot prices, forward prices, volatilities and correlations between various commodities, such as electricity, natural gas and emissions credits. The Company manages the commodity price risk of certain of its merchant generation operations by entering into derivative or non-derivative instruments to hedge the variability in future cash flows from forecasted power sales. The portion of forecasted transactions hedged may vary based upon management's assessment of market, weather, operation and other factors.

Based on a sensitivity analysis using simplified assumptions, the impact of a \$0.50 per MWh increase or decrease in power prices across the term of the long-term power commodity contracts would cause a change of approximately \$6 million to the net value of the related derivatives as of June 30, 2024.

Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to fluctuations in interest rates through its issuance of variable rate debt. Exposures to interest rate fluctuations may be mitigated by entering into derivative instruments known as interest rate swaps, caps, collars and put or call options. These contracts reduce exposure to interest rate volatility and result in primarily fixed rate debt obligations when taking into account the combination of the variable rate debt and the interest rate derivative instrument. See Note 6, *Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, for more information.

Most of the Company's subsidiaries enter into interest rate swaps intended to hedge the risks associated with interest rates on non-recourse facility-level debt. See Item 15 — Note 10, *Long-term Debt*, to the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 included in the 2023 Form 10-K for more information about interest rate swaps of the Company's subsidiaries.

If all of the interest rate swaps had been discontinued on June 30, 2024, the counterparties would have owed the Company \$166 million. Based on the credit ratings of the counterparties, the Company believes its exposure to credit risk due to nonperformance by counterparties to its hedge contracts to be insignificant.

The Company has long-term debt instruments that subject it to the risk of loss associated with movements in market interest rates. As of June 30, 2024, a change of 1%, or 100 basis points, in interest rates would result in an approximately \$1 million change in market interest expense on a rolling twelve-month basis.

As of June 30, 2024, the fair value of the Company's debt was \$6.70 billion and the carrying value was \$7.27 billion. The Company estimates that a decrease of 1%, or 100 basis points, in market interest rates would have increased the fair value of its long-term debt by approximately \$321 million.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the general funding needs of the Company's activities and in the management of the Company's assets and liabilities.

Counterparty Credit Risk

Credit risk relates to the risk of loss resulting from non-performance or non-payment by counterparties pursuant to the terms of their contractual obligations. The Company monitors and manages credit risk through credit policies that include: (i) an established credit approval process; and (ii) the use of credit mitigation measures such as prepayment arrangements or volumetric limits. Risks surrounding counterparty performance and credit could ultimately impact the amount and timing of expected cash flows. The Company seeks to mitigate counterparty risk by having a diversified portfolio of counterparties. See Note 5, Fair Value of Financial Instruments, to the consolidated financial statements for more information about concentration of credit risk.

ITEM 4 — Controls and Procedures

Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including its principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer, the Company conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) or 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act. Based on this evaluation, the Company's principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the quarter ended June 30, 2024 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1 — LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None.

ITEM 1A — RISK FACTORS

Information regarding risk factors appears in Part I, Item 1A, *Risk Factors*, in the Company's 2023 Form 10-K. There have been no material changes in the Company's risk factors since those reported in its 2023 Form 10-K.

ITEM 2 — UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3 — DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4 — MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5 — OTHER INFORMATION

During the three months ended June 30, 2024, no director or officer of the Company adopted or terminated a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as each term is defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K.

ITEM 6 — EXHIBITS

Number	Description	Method of Filing
10.1	Second Amended and Restated Master Services Agreement, dated as of April 30, 2024, by and among Clearway Energy Group LLC, Clearway Energy, Inc., Clearway Energy LLC and Clearway Energy Operating LLC	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 9, 2024.
10.2	Separation Agreement and General Release, dated as of April 30, 2024, by and between Clearway Energy, Inc. and Christopher Sotos.	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 30, 2024.
10.3	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of April 30, 2024, by and between Clearway Energy Group LLC, Clearway Energy, Inc., GIP III Zephyr Management Partners, L.P., GIP III Zephyr Midco Holdings, L.P. and Craig Cornelius.	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 30, 2024.
10.4†*	Membership Interest Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 27, 2024, by and between D1-LV CE Seller LLC and LV-Daggett Parent Holdco LLC.	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 30, 2024.
10.5	Consulting Agreement, dated as of June 20, 2024, by and between Clearway Energy, Inc. and Christopher Sotos.	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 30, 2024.
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) certification of Craig Cornelius.	Filed herewith.
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) certification of Sarah Rubenstein.	Filed herewith.
32	Section 1350 Certification.	Furnished herewith.
101 INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document.	Filed herewith.
101 SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema.	Filed herewith.
101 CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase.	Filed herewith.
101 DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase.	Filed herewith.
101 LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase.	Filed herewith.
101 PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase.	Filed herewith.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (the cover page interactive data file does not appear in Exhibit 104 because its Inline XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document).	Filed herewith.

[†] Schedules and similar attachments to this Exhibit have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(a)(5) of Regulation S-K. The Company agrees to furnish supplementally a copy of any omitted schedule or exhibit to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.

* Certain portions of this Exhibit have been redacted pursuant to Item 601(b)(10)(iv) of Regulation S-K. The omitted information (i) is not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the Company if publicly disclosed. The Company agrees to furnish supplementally an unredacted copy of this Exhibit to the SEC upon request.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CLEARWAY ENERGY LLC (Registrant)

/s/ CRAIG CORNELIUS

Craig Cornelius

President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ SARAH RUBENSTEIN

Sarah Rubenstein

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

Date: August 1, 2024

CERTIFICATION

I, Craig Cornelius, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Clearway Energy LLC;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ CRAIG CORNELIUS

Craig Cornelius President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 1, 2024

CERTIFICATION

I, Sarah Rubenstein, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Clearway Energy LLC;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ SARAH RUBENSTEIN

Sarah Rubenstein
Executive Vice President and Chief
Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer and
Principal Accounting Officer)

Date: August 1, 2024

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Clearway Energy LLC on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Form 10-Q"), each of the undersigned officers of the Company certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to such officer's knowledge:

- (1) The Form 10-Q fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of the dates and for the periods expressed in the Form 10-Q.

Date: August 1, 2024

/s/ CRAIG CORNELIUS

Craig Cornelius

President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ SARAH RUBENSTEIN

Sarah Rubenstein

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and is not being filed as part of this Form 10-Q or as a separate disclosure document.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Clearway Energy LLC and will be retained by Clearway Energy LLC and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.